

Simulation of processes with electroweak bosons at hadron colliders



Loopfest X

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for the $\nu\bar{\nu}n10$ collaboration

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- ❖ to take advantage of data from LHC
 - ☞ need **accurate predictions** for signal and background processes
- ❖ **Monte Carlo methods** allow us to:
 - simulate final states with several **jets** and/or **identified particles**
 - impose realistic selection **cuts**
 - calculate a variety of **observables**



<http://www-itp.particle.uni-karlsruhe.de/~vbfnloweb>



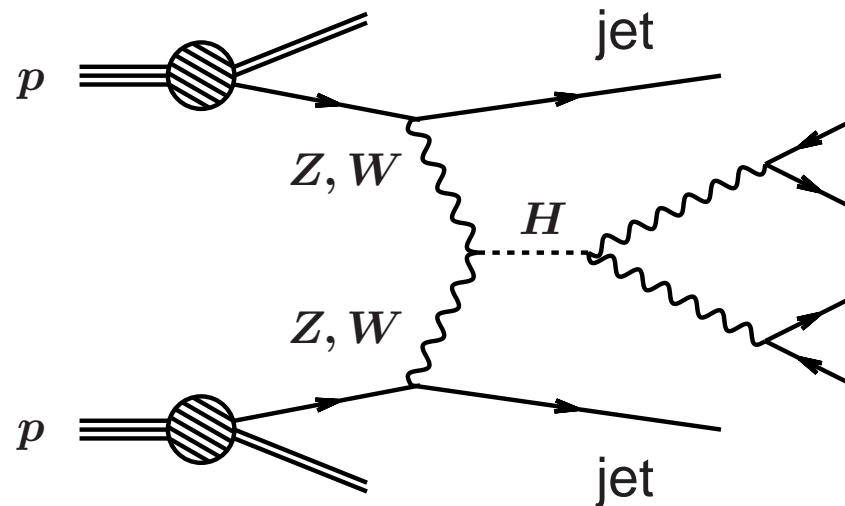
vbfnlo is a fully flexible **parton level Monte Carlo** for **processes with electroweak bosons** at NLO-QCD

it can simulate:

- ❖ various weak vector boson fusion processes
- ❖ double and triple weak boson production processes
- ❖ double weak boson production processes
in association with a hard jet
- ❖ Higgs production via gluon fusion
in association with two jets



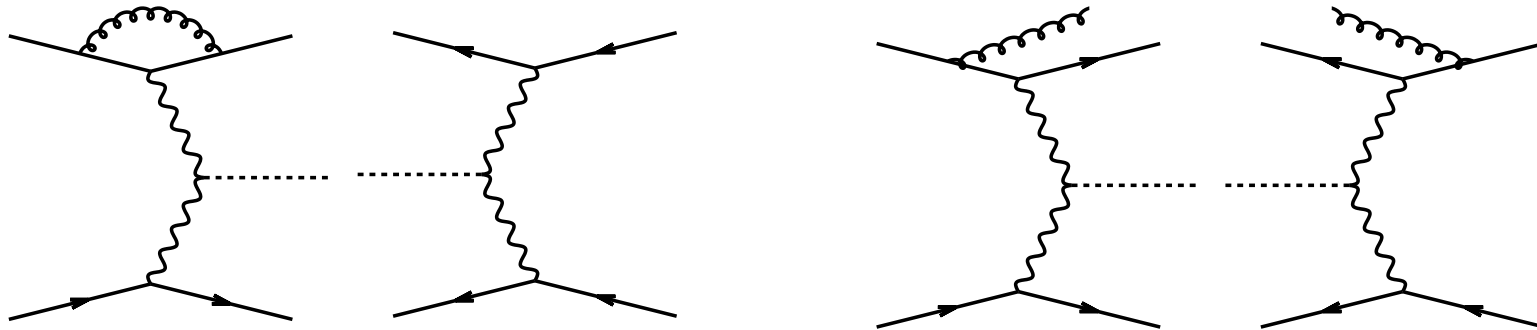
- ❖ cross sections and distributions at NLO-QCD accuracy
- ❖ arbitrary selection cuts
- ❖ various choices for factorization and renormalization scales
- ❖ LO predictions for all processes with one extra jet
- ❖ interface to LHAPDF → any currently available PDF set;
hardwired: CTEQ6L1, CT10, MRST2004qed
- ❖ LO: event files in Les Houch Accord (LHA) format
- ❖ MSSM: SUSY parameters input via standard SLHA file



suppressed color exchange between quark lines gives rise to

- ❖ little jet activity in central rapidity region
- ❖ scattered quarks \rightarrow two forward tagging jets (energetic; large rapidity)
- ❖ Higgs decay products typically between tagging jets

Higgs production in VBF @ NLO QCD



NLO QCD:

inclusive cross section:

Han, Valencia, Willenbrock (1992)

distributions:

Figy, Oleari, Zeppenfeld (2003)

Berger, Campbell (2004)



**NLO QCD corrections
moderate**

and well under control
(order 10% or less)

❖ *Harlander, Vollinga, Weber (2007):*

gauge invariant, finite sub-class of virtual

two-loop QCD corrections to VBF $pp \rightarrow Hjj$

minimal set of cuts: $\sigma_{\text{gluon}}^{2\text{-loop}} \sim 2\%$ of $\sigma_{\text{VBF}}^{\text{LO}}$

VBF cuts: extra order-of-magnitude suppression

❖ *Bolzoni, Maltoni, Moch, Zaro (2010):*

subset of the NNLO QCD contributions

to the **total cross section** for VBF $pp \rightarrow Hjj$

in the **structure function approach**

residual scale uncertainties:

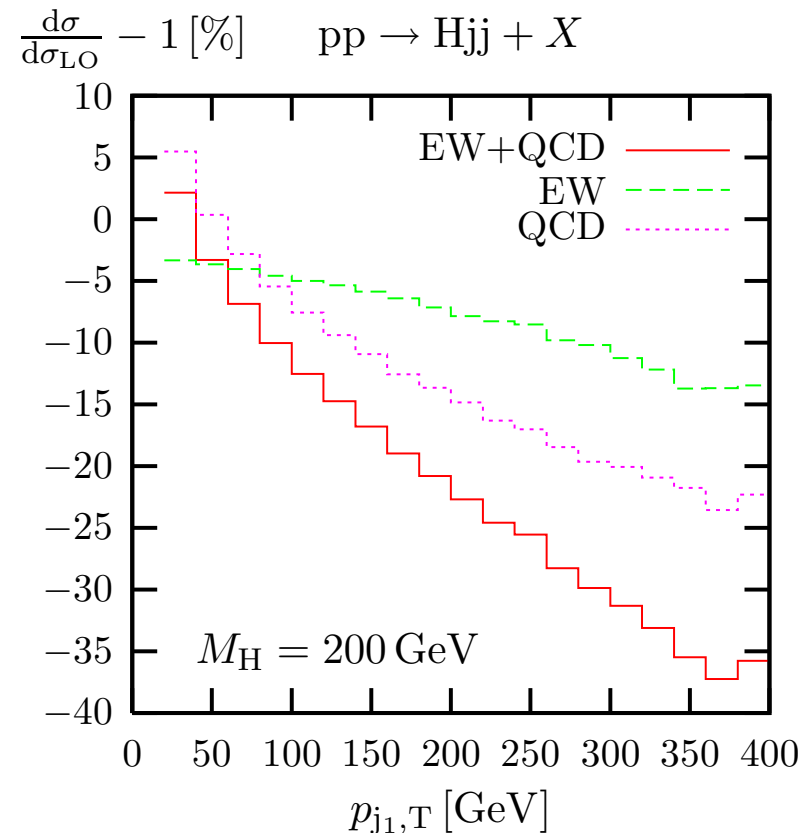
reduced from $\sim 4\%$ to $\sim 2\%$

Higgs production in VBF @ NLO EW

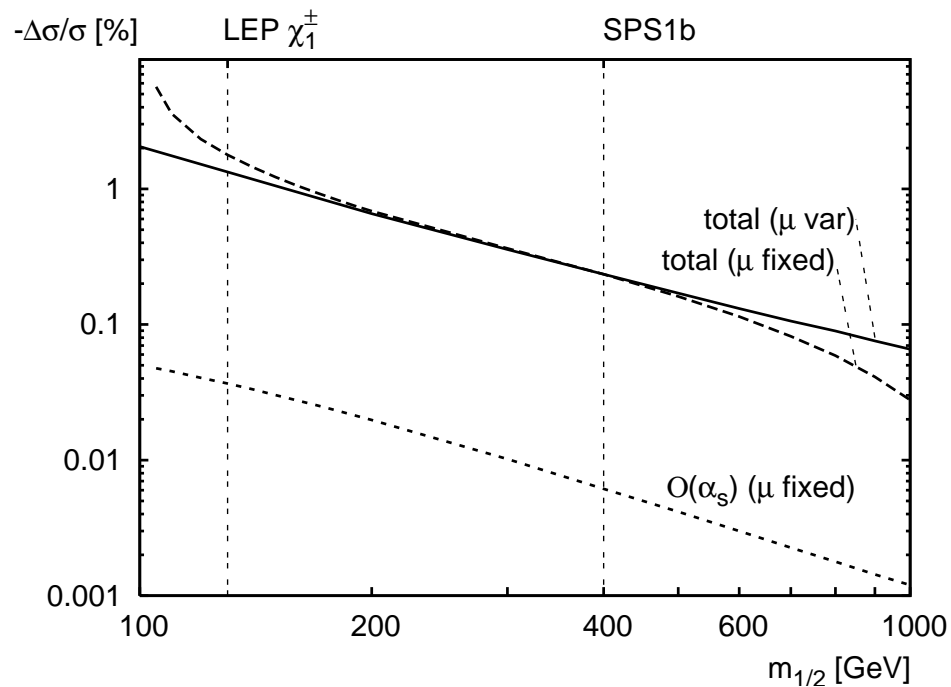
Ciccolini, Denner, Dittmaier, Mück:

NLO EW corrections to inclusive cross sections and distributions

- ➔ **NLO EW corrections non-negligible**, modify K factors and distort distributions by up to 10%



SUSY QCD+EW corrections to VBF



Hollik, Plehn, Rauch, Rzehak (2008) &

Figy, Palmer, Weiglein (2010):

SUSY QCD & EW corrections $\lesssim 1\%$

for inclusive cross sections

in typical regions of the MSSM parameter space

$pp \rightarrow Hjj$ via VBF in `vbfnlo`

- ❖ QCD & EW NLO corrections in the SM and MSSM
(without interference and annihilation contributions)
- ❖ decay of the Higgs boson in narrow width approximation for:

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow \gamma\gamma jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow b\bar{b}jj$$

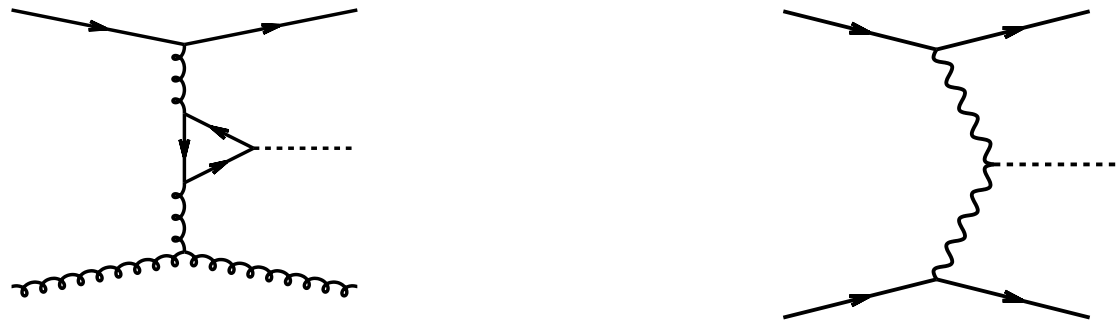
$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow W^+ W^- jj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_1 \ell_2^- \bar{\nu}_2 jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \nu_2 \bar{\nu}_2 jj$$

- ❖ dominant NLO-QCD corrections to $pp \rightarrow Hjjj$
(\rightarrow extra jet activity in VBF)
- ❖ anomalous Higgs-gauge boson couplings

VBF can be faked by double real corrections
to $gg \rightarrow H$ (“gluon fusion”)

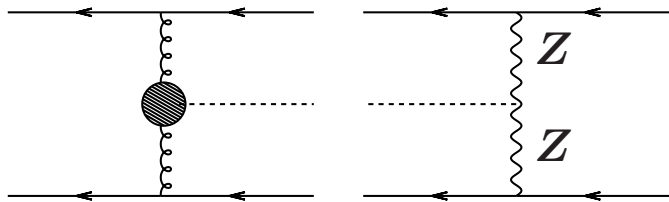


- ❖ complete LO calculation (including pentagons) in the SM
Del Duca, Kilgore, Oleari, Schmidt, Zeppenfeld (2001)
- ❖ and in a generic two-Higgs doublet model:
Campanario, Kubocz, Zeppenfeld (2011)
- ❖ complementary: NLO QCD calculation in $m_t \rightarrow \infty$ limit:
Campbell, Ellis, Zanderighi (2006)

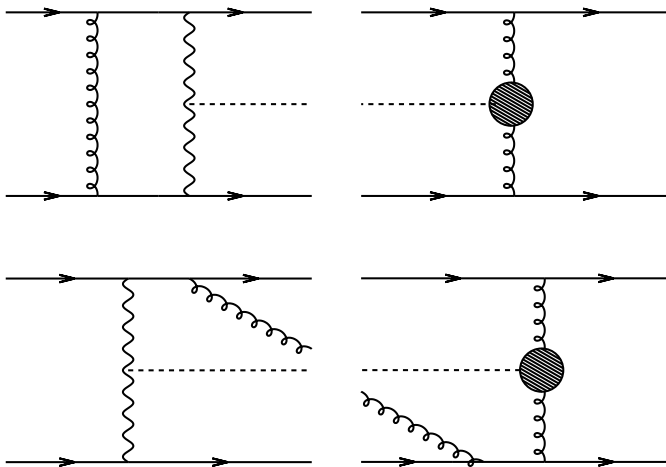
$pp \rightarrow Hjj$ via VBF \times GF

can VBF \times GF interference pollute the clean VBF signature?

Georg (2005) & Andersen, Smillie (2006):



- ❖ neutral current graphs
(no charged current interference)
- ❖ identical quark contributions
with $t \leftrightarrow u$ crossing



Andersen et al. (2007)

Bredenstein, Hagiwara, B. J. (2008):

- ❖ strong cancelation effects
between contributions of
different flavor

☞ interference effects are **completely negligible**

- ❖ one-loop contributions in the SM, the (complex) MSSM, and a generic two-Higgs doublet model (without $GF \times WBF$ interference)
- ❖ mass dependence of top and bottom quarks is fully retained
- ❖ decay of the Higgs boson in narrow width approximation for:

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow \gamma\gamma jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- jj$$

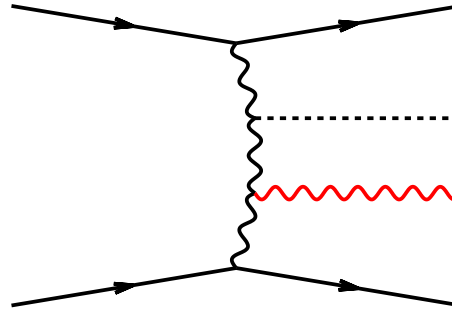
$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow b\bar{b}jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow W^+ W^- jj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_1 \ell_2^- \bar{\nu}_2 jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Hjj \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \nu_2 \bar{\nu}_2 jj$$

extra photon radiation in VBF: $pp \rightarrow H\gamma jj$



Gabrielli et al. (2007):

extra hard, central photon in $pp \rightarrow Hjj$

powerful tool for suppression of
(gluon-dominated) QCD backgrounds

➔ can the **WBF $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ mode** be tackled that way?

effects of hard central photon requirement:

✗ “naive expectation”: signal and background
suppressed by same factor $\sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha)$

✓ de facto: reduction factors different for S and B

backgrounds: $\sigma_\gamma/\sigma \sim 1/3000$

signal: $\sigma_\gamma/\sigma \sim 1/100$

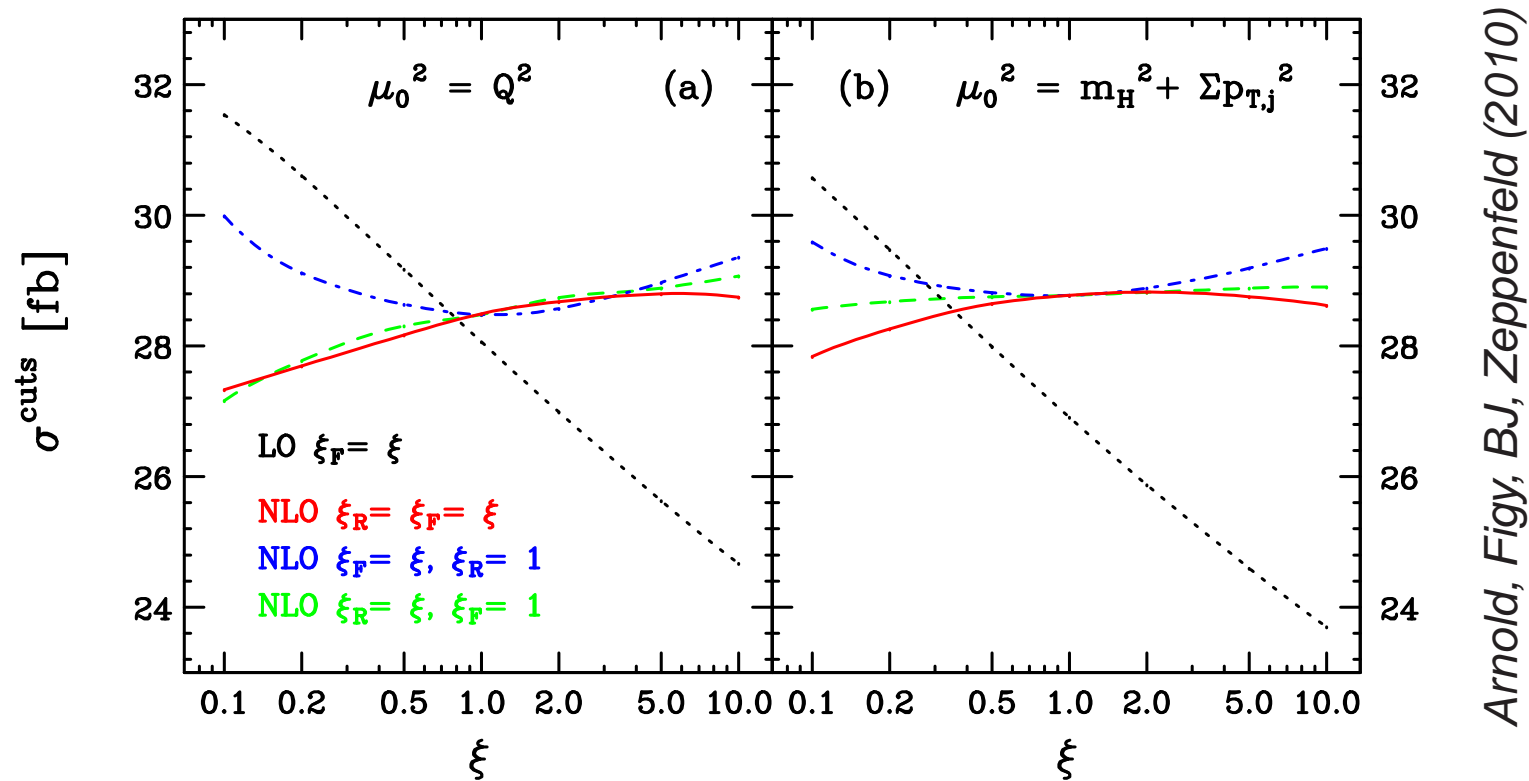
✓ $\left(S/\sqrt{B}\right)_{H\gamma jj} \lesssim 3$ for $m_H = 120$ GeV, $\mathcal{L} = 100$ fb $^{-1}$
and optimized selection cuts

[Gabrielli et al. (2007)]



scale uncertainty

choose default scale $\mu_0^2 = Q_i^2$ or $\mu_0^2 = m_H^2 + \sum p_{T,j}^2$
 set $\mu_R = \xi_R \mu_0$ and $\mu_F = \xi_F \mu_0$, with variable ξ

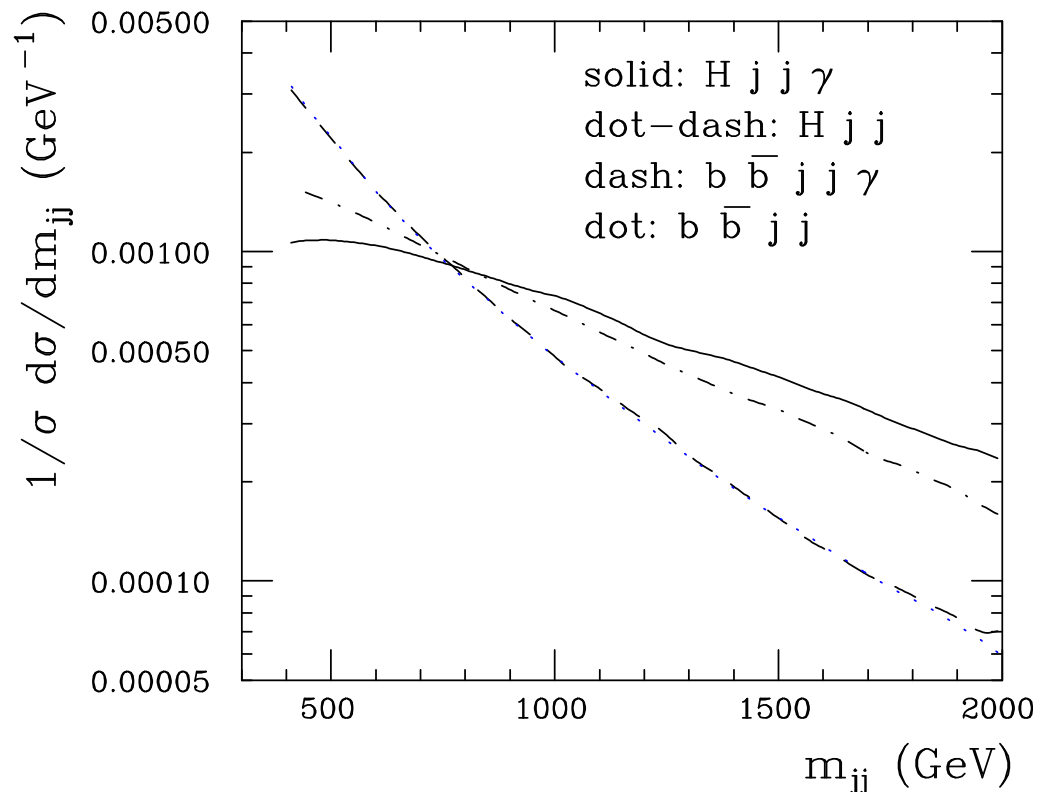


Arnold, Figy, BJ, Zeppenfeld (2010)

LO: no control on scale

NLO QCD: scale dependence strongly reduced

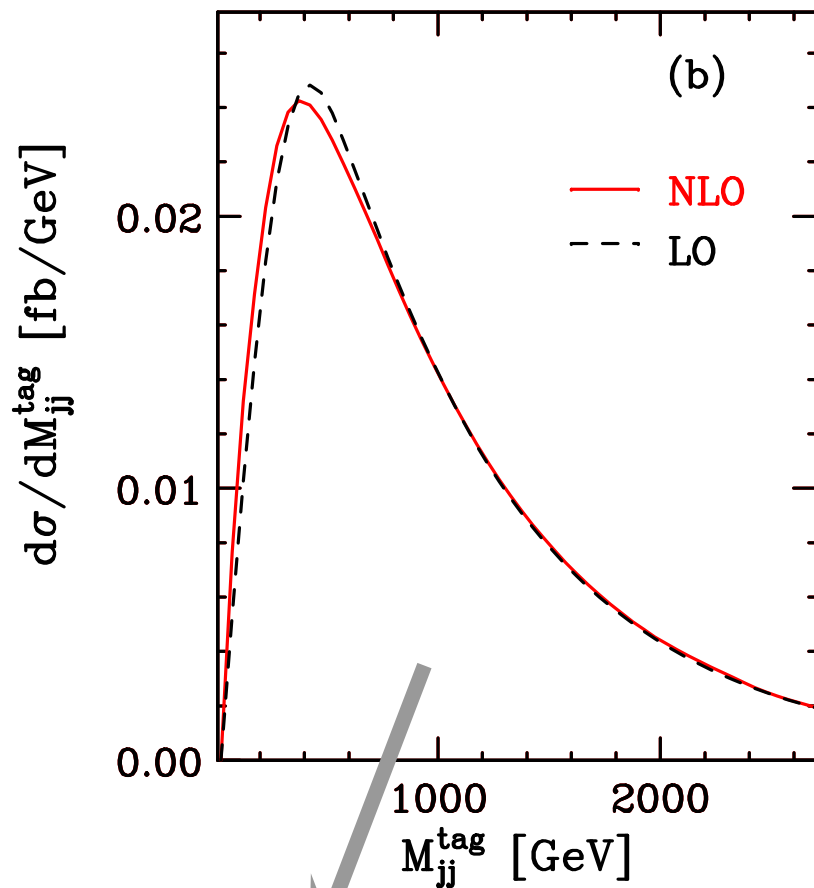
Gabrielli et al. (2007)



- ✦ $d\sigma/dm_{jj}$ slightly flatter for $H\gamma jj$ signal than for Hjj
 - ✦ $b\bar{b}jj$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma jj$ backgrounds have very similar shapes
 - ✦ background distributions exhibit much steeper slope than signal
- ☞ stringent cut on m_{jj} is powerful tool for background suppression

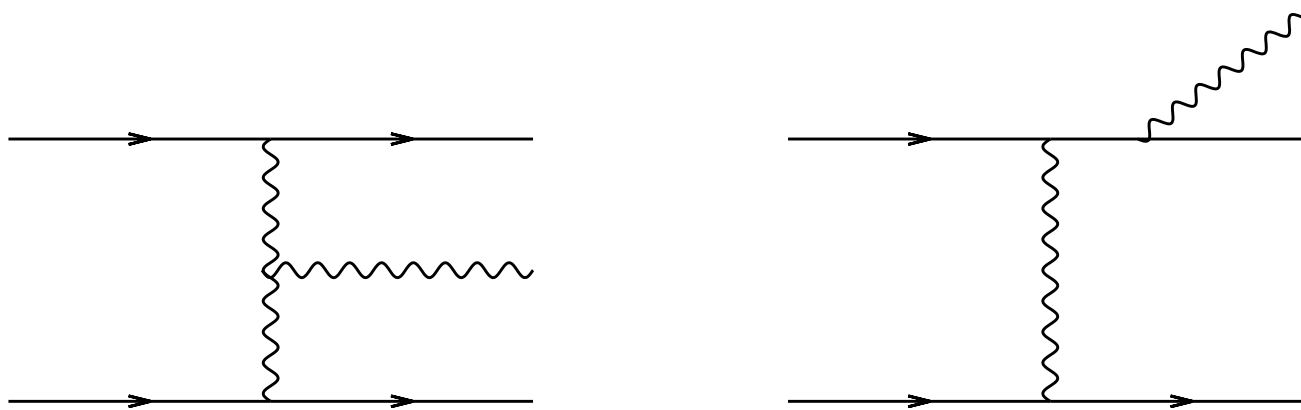
invariant mass of the tagging jets

Arnold, Figy, B. J., Zeppenfeld (2010)



- ❖ $d\sigma/dm_{jj}$ slightly flatter for $H\gamma jj$ signal than for Hjj
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$pp \rightarrow Vjj$ via VBF



❖ $pp \rightarrow W^\pm jj$ & $pp \rightarrow Zjj$
[Oleari, Zeppenfeld (2003)]

❖ $pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$ [BJ (2010)]

- sensitive to triple gauge boson couplings
 - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$... background to $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
 - measure central jet veto acceptance



problem: collinear photon-fermion configurations are singular

cure:

a) compute parton-to-photon fragmentation contributions;
absorb singularities in non-perturbative functions

✓ theoretically well-defined

✗ introduces poorly known photon fragmentation functions

b) naive photon-jet separation criterion $R_{j\gamma} \geq R_{min}$

✓ easy to implement

✗ theoretically ill-defined:

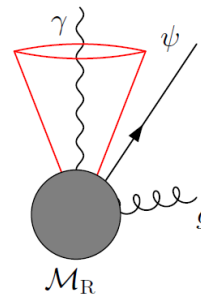
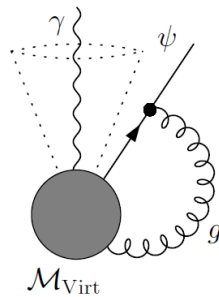
soft-gluon contributions in cone are also removed and
can't fully cancel IR singularities of virtual contributions

our implementation: cone-isolation criterion of *Frixione (1998)*

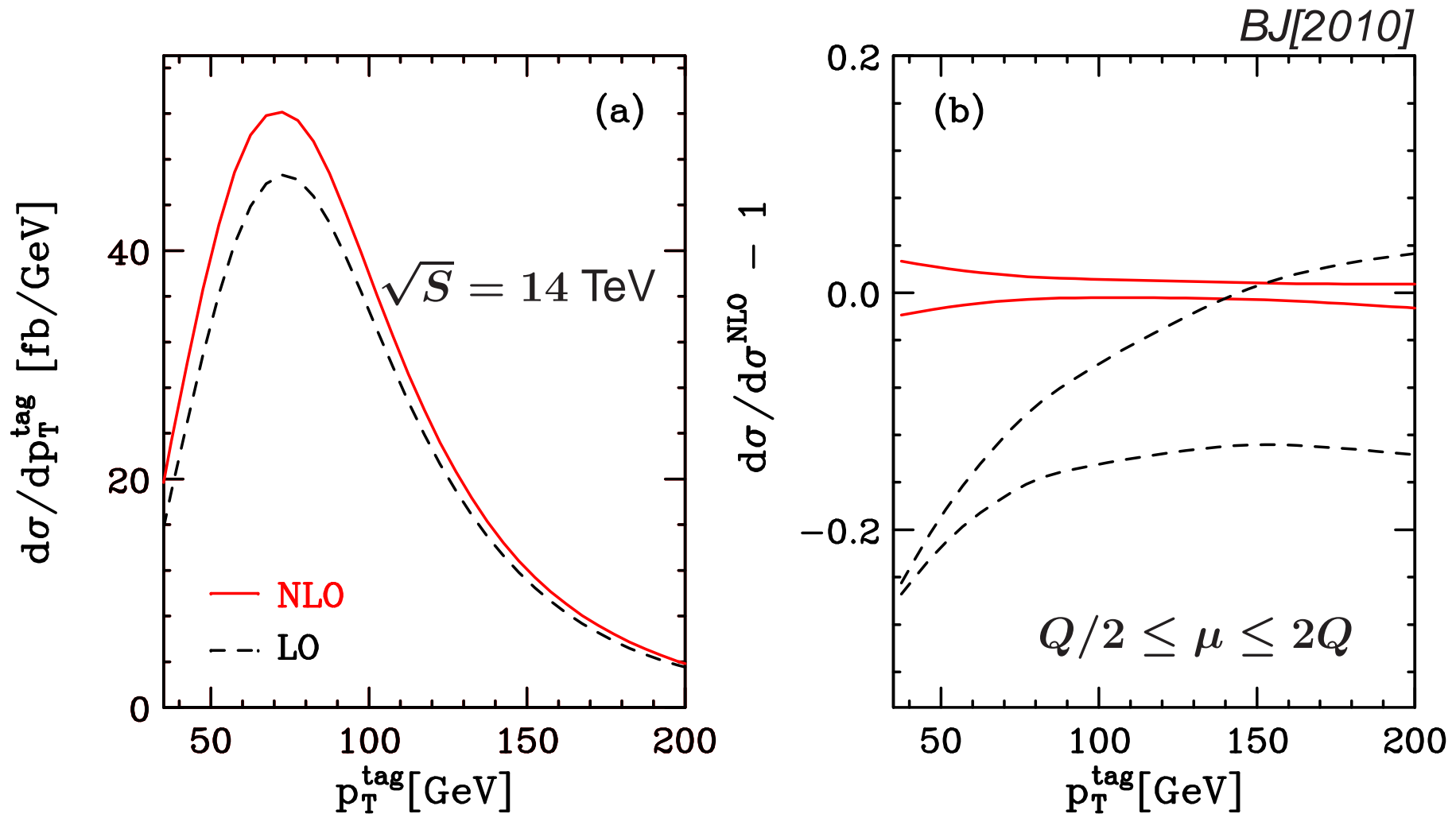
idea: veto collinear photon-jet configurations, but
allow soft QCD emission

in practice: limit hadronic energy deposited in a cone
around the direction of the photon by

$$\sum_{i: R_{i\gamma} < R} p_{Ti} \leq \frac{1 - \cos R}{1 - \cos \delta_0} p_{T\gamma} \quad (\forall R \leq \delta_0 = 0.7)$$

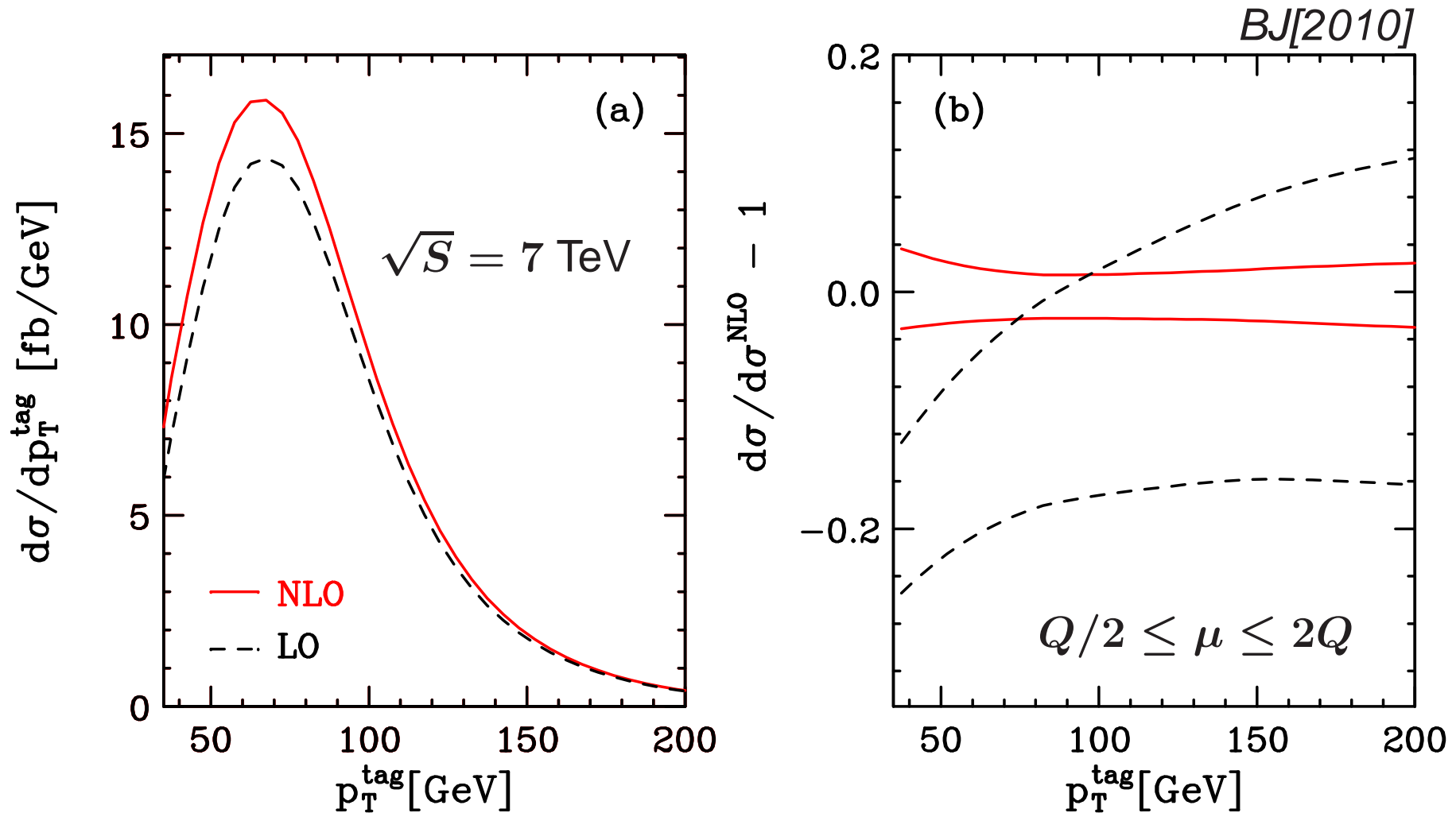


$pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$ via VBF @ NLO-QCD



NLO-QCD corrections affect the shape of some distributions

$pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$ via VBF @ NLO-QCD



NLO-QCD corrections affect the shape of some distributions

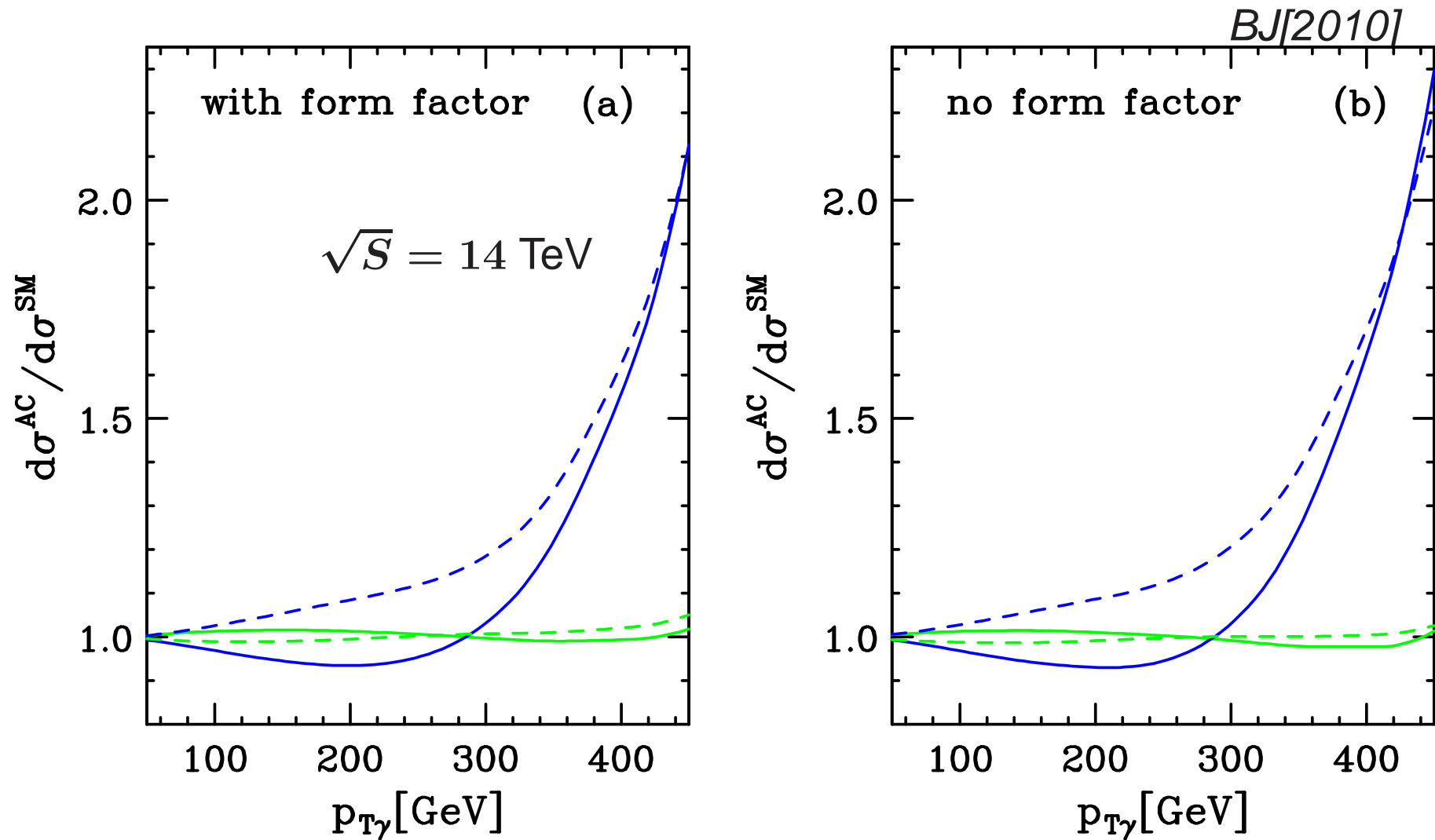
anomalous photon-weak boson couplings → generalized vertex:

$$\Gamma_{WW\gamma}^{\alpha\beta\mu}(q, q', p) = q'^{\alpha} g^{\beta\mu} \left(2 + \Delta\kappa^{\gamma} + \lambda^{\gamma} \frac{q^2}{m_W^2} \right) - q^{\beta} g^{\alpha\mu} \left(2 + \Delta\kappa^{\gamma} + \lambda^{\gamma} \frac{q'^2}{m_W^2} \right) \\ + (q'^{\mu} - q^{\mu}) \left[-g^{\alpha\beta} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} p^2 \frac{\lambda^{\gamma}}{m_W^2} \right) + \frac{\lambda^{\gamma}}{m_W^2} p^{\alpha} p^{\beta} \right],$$

unitarity violations of effective Lagrangian at high energies
tamed via **form factors**:

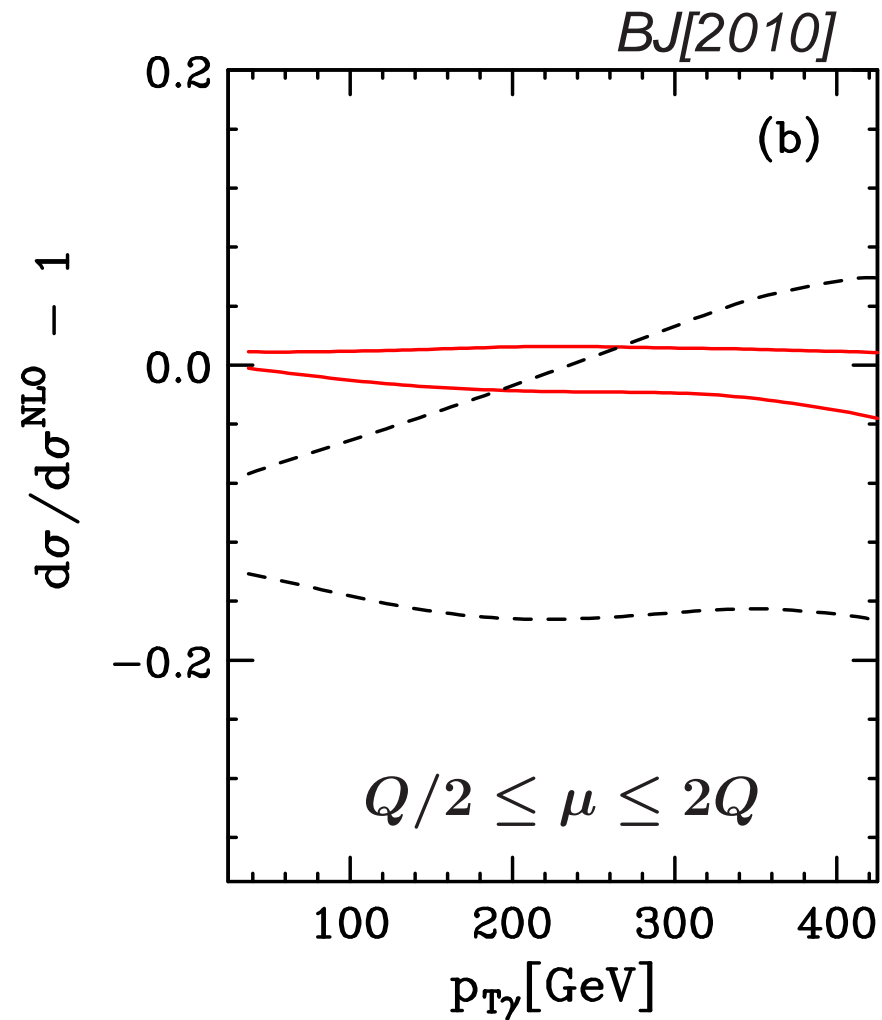
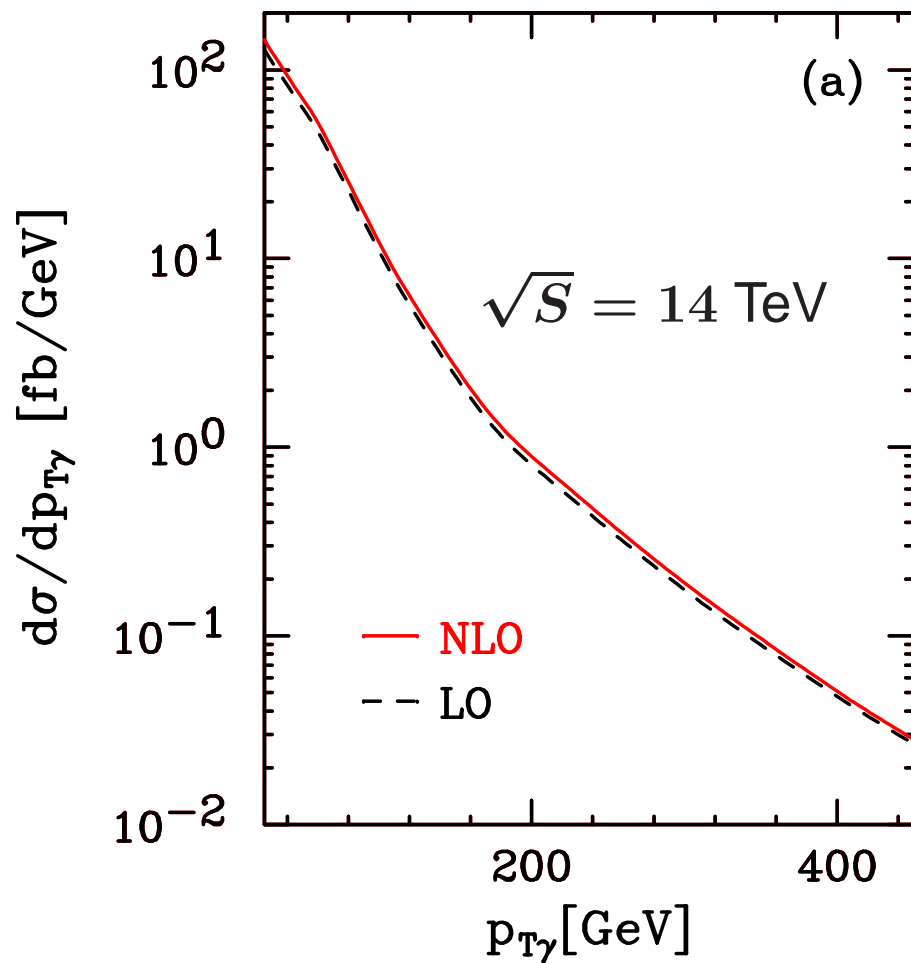
$$\Delta\kappa^{\gamma} \rightarrow \frac{\Delta\kappa^{\gamma}}{\left[\left(1 + \frac{|q^2|}{\Lambda^2} \right) \left(1 + \frac{|q'^2|}{\Lambda^2} \right) \right]^n}, \quad \lambda^{\gamma} \rightarrow \frac{\lambda^{\gamma}}{\left[\left(1 + \frac{|q^2|}{\Lambda^2} \right) \left(1 + \frac{|q'^2|}{\Lambda^2} \right) \right]^n}$$

$pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$ via VBF @ NLO-QCD



$$\Delta\kappa^\gamma = \pm 0.02, \lambda^\gamma = 0 \quad \& \quad \Delta\kappa^\gamma = 0, \lambda^\gamma = \pm 0.02$$

$pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$ via VBF @ NLO-QCD



$$\Delta\kappa^\gamma = 0 \ \& \ \lambda^\gamma = 0$$

- ❖ **NLO-QCD corrections** to cross sections and distributions
(without interference and annihilation contributions)
- ❖ full off-shell effects and decay correlations for
leptonic decays of the weak bosons:

$$pp \rightarrow Zjj \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow Zjj \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+ jj \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^- jj \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu} jj$$

- ❖ photon isolation with Frixione criterion in $pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$
- ❖ anomalous photon-gauge boson couplings

EW $VVjj$ production

need to compute numerical value for ...

$$|\mathcal{M}_B|^2 = \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{diagram 1} + \text{diagram 2} + \text{diagram 3} + \dots \end{array} \right|^2$$

... Born amplitude squared in 4 dim

$$|\mathcal{M}_R|^2 = \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{diagram 1} + \text{diagram 2} + \text{diagram 3} + \dots \end{array} \right|^2$$

... real-emission amplitude squared in 4 dim and
counter terms for infrared-divergent configurations
(dipole subtraction a la *Catani & Seymour*)

almost 3000 diagrams → essential: organize calculation **economically!**

interference of Born amplitude with virtual contributions

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{M}_V &= \text{[Born diagram]} + \text{[Virtual diagram 1]} + \text{[Virtual diagram 2]} + \dots \\
 &= \mathcal{M}_B F(Q) \left[-\frac{2}{\epsilon^2} - \frac{3}{\epsilon} \right] + \tilde{\mathcal{M}}_V^{\text{finite}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\tilde{\mathcal{M}}_V^{\text{finite}}$ computed with Passarino-Veltman / Denner-Dittmaier reduction;
 stability monitored via Ward identities at every PS point

finite sum of real emission, virtuals, and subtraction terms:
 phase-space integration and convolution with PDFs can be
 performed numerically in 4 dimensions (Vegas)

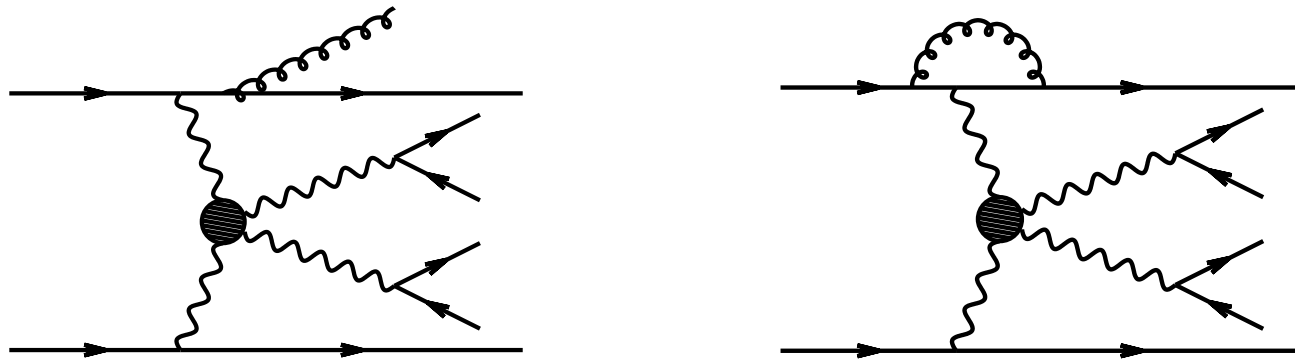
Warped Higgsless model with extra **vector resonances**;

lowest Kaluza-Klein modes:

$$m_{W_2} = 700 \text{ GeV}, \Gamma = 13.7 \text{ GeV}$$

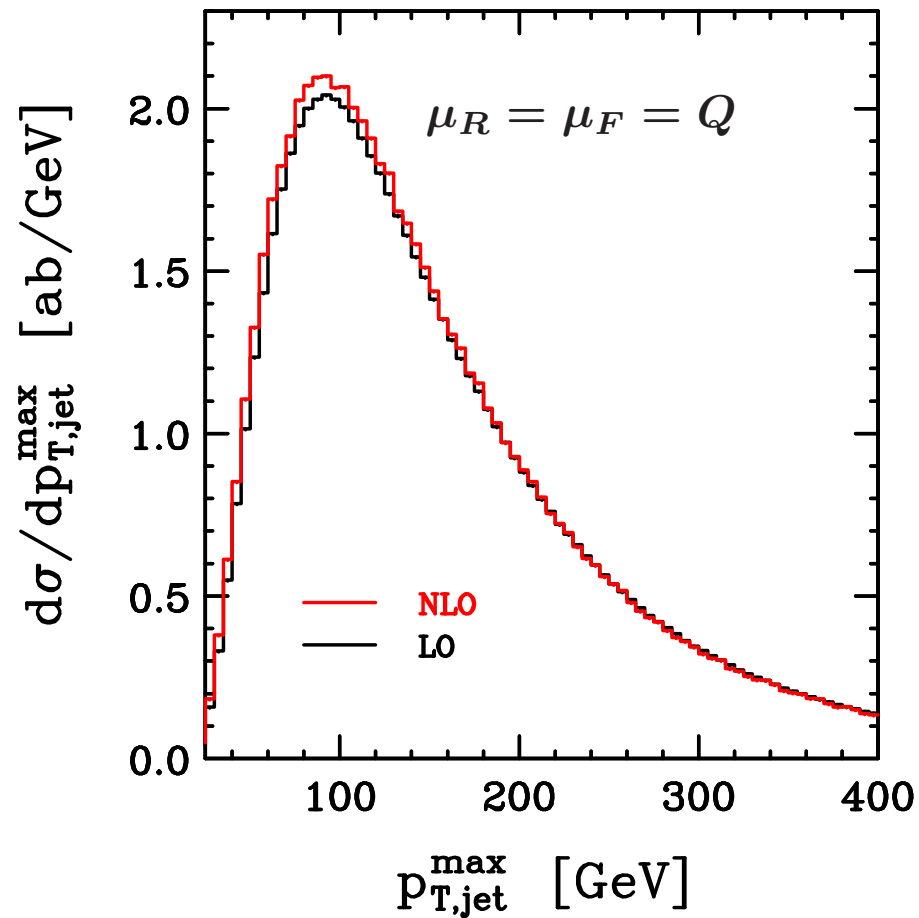
$$m_{Z_2} = 695 \text{ GeV}, \Gamma = 18.7 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{Z_3} = 718 \text{ GeV}, \Gamma = 6.4 \text{ GeV}$$

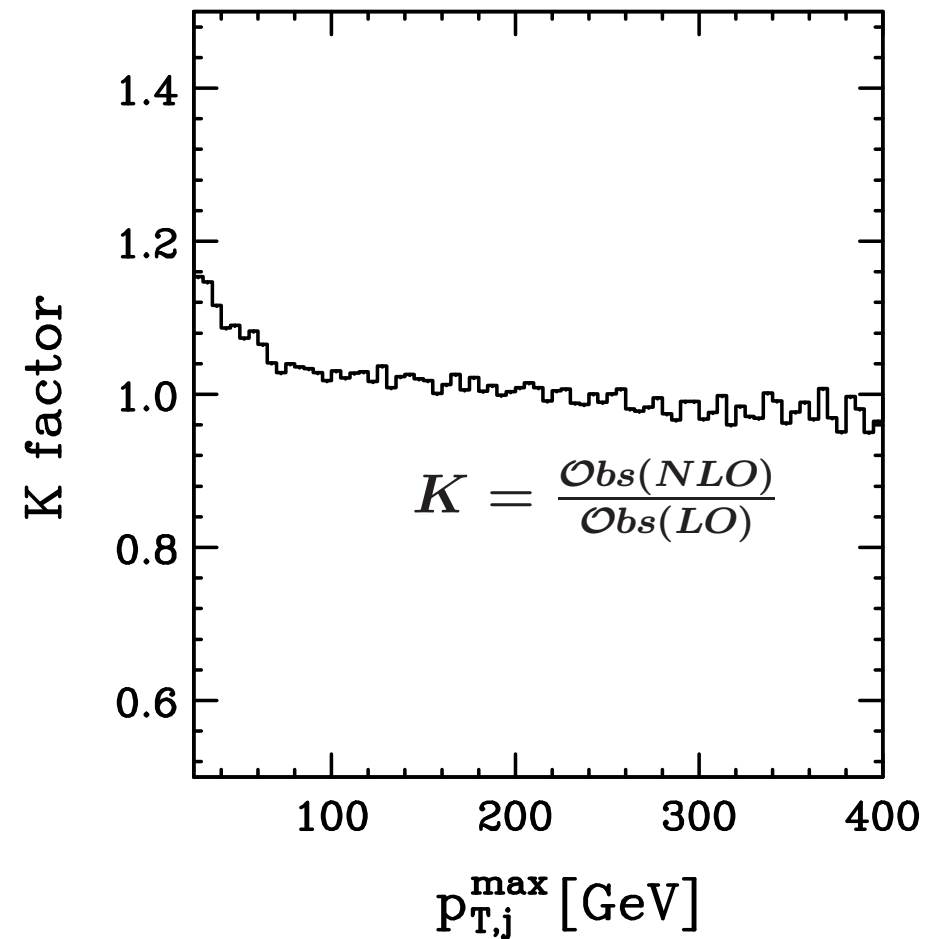


structure of NLO-QCD corrections identical to SM

impact of NLO-QCD corrections in KK scenario



Englert, BJ, Zeppenfeld (2008)



NLO-QCD corrections always in the few-percent range

- ❖ NLO-QCD corrections to cross sections and distributions (without interference and annihilation contributions)
- ❖ full off-shell effects and decay correlations for leptonic decays of the weak bosons:

$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^-jj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_1 \ell_2^- \bar{\nu}_2 jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \nu_2 \bar{\nu}_2 jj$$

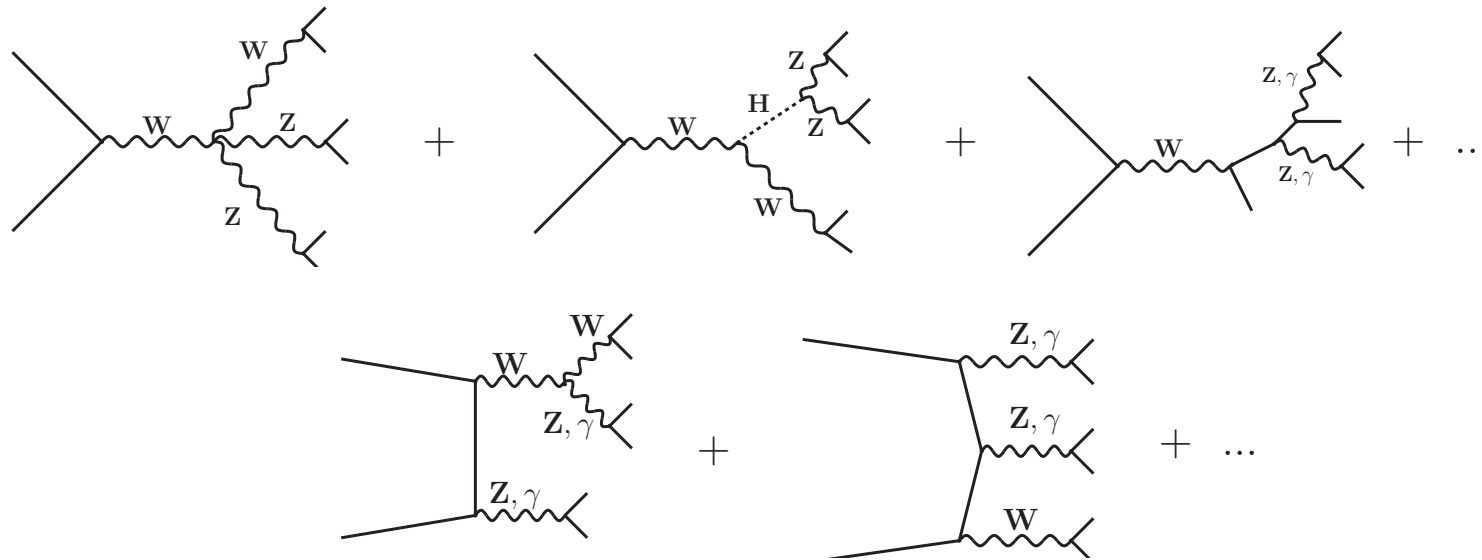
$$pp \rightarrow W^+Zjj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_1 \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^-Zjj \rightarrow \ell_1^- \bar{\nu}_1 \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- jj$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^+jj \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_1 \ell_2^+ \nu_2 jj$$

- ❖ anomalous gauge boson couplings
- ❖ Kaluza-Klein modes in a Warped-Higgsless model
- ❖ Three-Site Higgsless model

triboson production



- ❖ SM background for new physics signatures with multi-leptons + p_T
- ❖ sensitive to (anomalous) triple and quartic gauge boson couplings
- ❖ NLO QCD corrections are large and strongly depend on observable and phase space region
(drastically underestimated by LO scale variations)

$pp \rightarrow W^+W^-Z$ @ NLO

$$pp \rightarrow WWZ$$

Hankele, Zeppenfeld (2007)

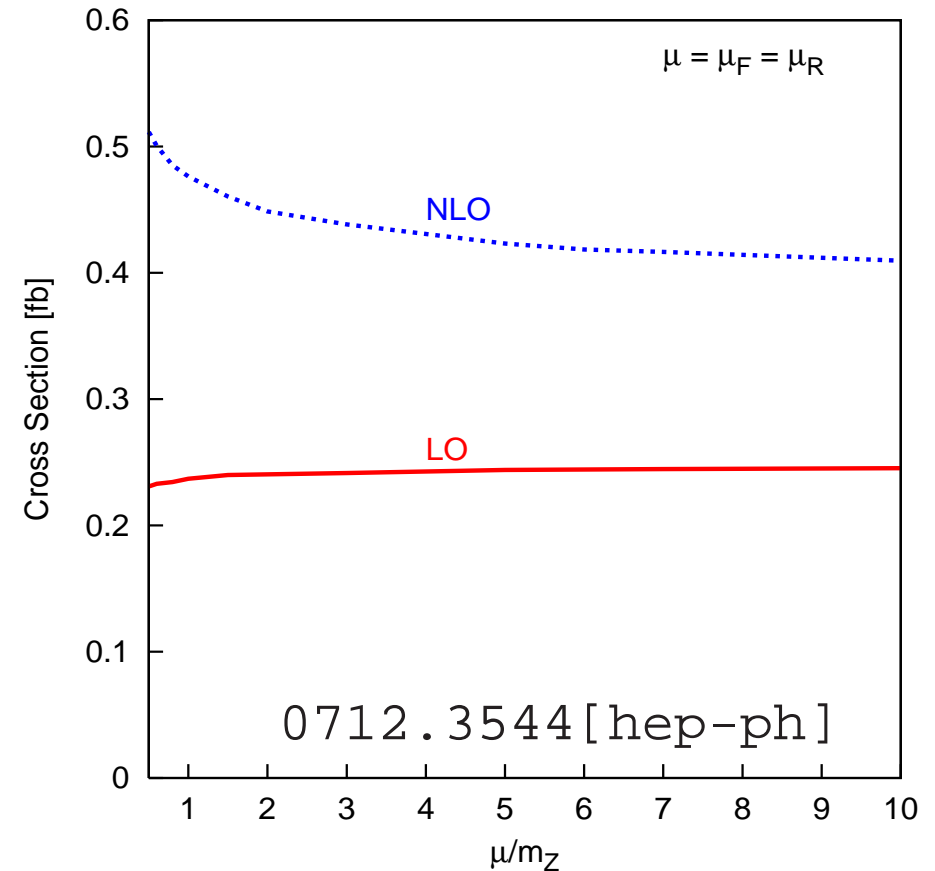
LO: very mild scale dependence

LO is $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^0)$,

PDFs probed in regions
with small μ_f dependence

but large QCD corrections with

$$\frac{\sigma^{NLO}}{\sigma^{LO}} \sim 1.7 \div 2.2$$



- ❖ NLO-QCD corrections to cross sections and distributions
- ❖ full off-shell effects and decay correlations for leptonic decays of the weak bosons:

$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_{\ell_1} \ell_2^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_2}$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^-Z \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_{\ell_1} \ell_2^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_2} \ell_3^+ \ell_3^-$$

$$pp \rightarrow ZZW^+ \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- \ell_3^+ \nu_{\ell_3}$$

$$pp \rightarrow ZZW^- \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- \ell_3^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_3}$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^-W^+ \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_{\ell_1} \ell_2^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_2} \ell_3^+ \nu_{\ell_3}$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^-W^+W^- \rightarrow \ell_1^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_1} \ell_2^+ \nu_{\ell_2} \ell_3^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_3}$$

$$pp \rightarrow ZZZ \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \ell_1^- \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- \ell_3^+ \ell_3^-$$

- ❖ anomalous gauge boson couplings
- ❖ Warped-Higgsless and Three-Site Higgsless model

- ❖ NLO-QCD corrections to cross sections and distributions
- ❖ full off-shell effects and decay correlations for leptonic decays of the weak bosons:

$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^-\gamma \rightarrow l_1^+\nu_{l_1}l_2^-\bar{\nu}_{l_2}\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow ZZ\gamma \rightarrow l_1^+l_1^-l_2^+l_2^-\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+Z\gamma \rightarrow l_1^+\nu_{l_1}l_2^+l_2^-\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^-Z\gamma \rightarrow l_1^-\bar{\nu}_{l_1}l_2^+l_2^-\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l_1^+\nu_{l_1}\gamma\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^-\gamma \rightarrow l_1^-\bar{\nu}_{l_1}\gamma\gamma$$

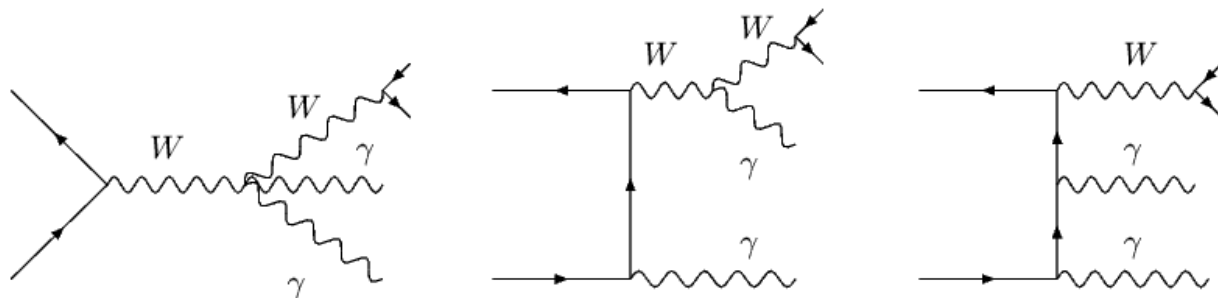
$$pp \rightarrow Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l_1^+l_1^-\gamma\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \nu_{l_1}\bar{\nu}_{l_1}\gamma\gamma$$

$$pp \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$$

- ❖ photon isolation via Frixione criterion

$pp \rightarrow W\gamma\gamma$ in vbfno



$$pp \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \gamma \gamma$$
$$pp \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \gamma \gamma$$

❖ *Bozzi, Campanario, Rauch, Zeppenfeld (2011)*

- off-shell effects of the W boson are fully taken into account (e.g. γ radiation off final-state lepton)
- photon isolation via Frixione criterion

c.f. complementary approach of

❖ *Baur, Wackerath, Weber (2009)*

- $q \rightarrow q\gamma$ fragmentation contributions included
 - W^\pm treated as stable particle

- ❖ NLO-QCD corrections to cross sections and distributions
- ❖ full off-shell effects and decay correlations for leptonic decays of the weak bosons:

$$pp \rightarrow W^+ \gamma j \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_{\ell_1} \gamma j$$

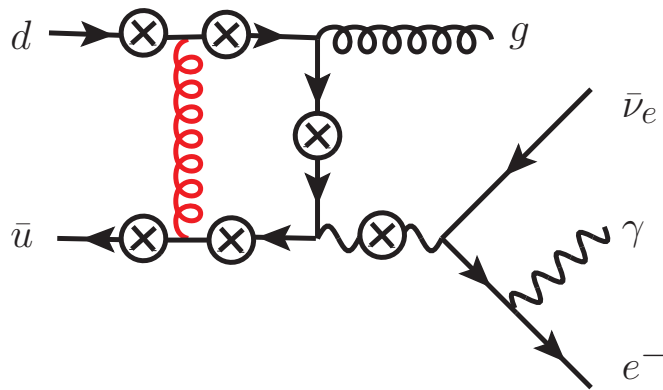
$$pp \rightarrow W^- \gamma j \rightarrow \ell_1^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_1} \gamma j$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^+ Z j \rightarrow \ell_1^+ \nu_{\ell_1} \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- j$$

$$pp \rightarrow W^- Z j \rightarrow \ell_1^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell_1} \ell_2^+ \ell_2^- j$$

- ❖ anomalous gauge boson couplings
- ❖ photon isolation via Frixione criterion

example: $pp \rightarrow W\gamma j$ @ NLO



Campanario, Englert, Spannowksy,
Zeppenfeld (2010):

$$pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \gamma j$$

$$pp \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \gamma j$$

- ❖ cross section sizeable at LHC (1.2 pb) and Tevatron (15 fb) for $p_T^{\text{jet}}, p_T^\gamma > 50$ GeV and generic separation cuts
- ❖ measurement of anomalous $WW\gamma$ couplings:
veto on jets in $W\gamma$ events requires good knowledge of cross sections and distributions including NLO corrections
- ❖ virtual corrections up to pentagons
- ❖ number of subtraction terms larger than in pure gauge boson production or VBF processes

vbfnlo is a fully flexible parton-level Monte-Carlo program for the simulation of weak boson processes at NLO QCD

new release will be available very soon! it will contain:

new processes:

- Higgs production via WBF in association with a photon
- photon production via WBF
- diboson+ jet production: $W\gamma j$ and WZj
- triboson production: $WW\gamma$, $ZZ\gamma$, $WZ\gamma$, $W\gamma\gamma$, $Z\gamma\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma\gamma$

new features:

- EW corrections to WBF Hjj in the SM and the MSSM
- new BSM effects for several processes:
 - anomalous couplings of the Higgs and gauge bosons
 - Kaluza-Klein models



if you have questions, comments, suggestions . . .

please e-mail us at

`vbfnlo@particle.uni-karlsruhe.de`

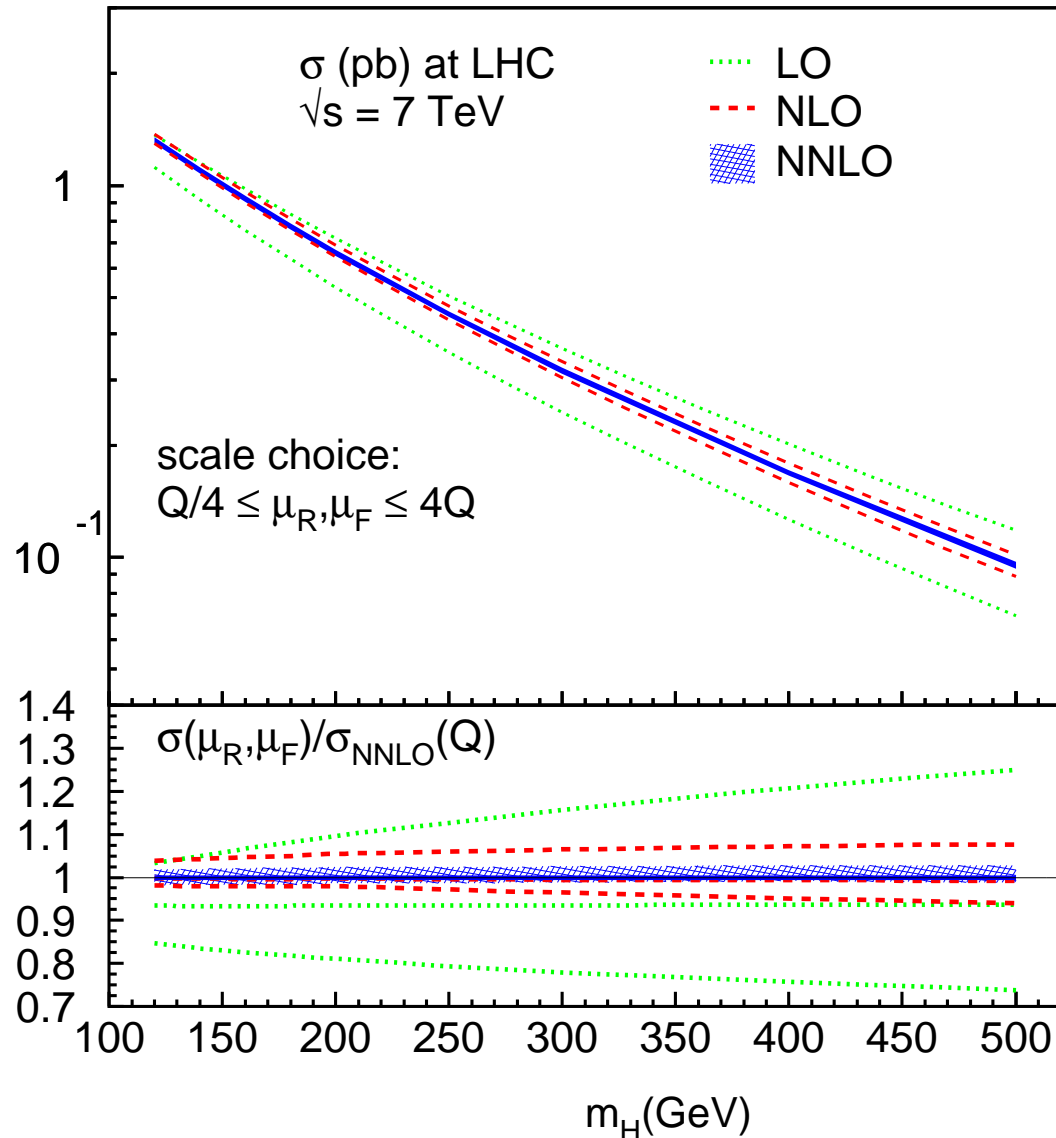


backup slides . . .



. . . for details and supplementary material

Bolzoni et al. (2010)



- ◆ NNLO predictions are in full agreement with NLO results
- ◆ residual scale uncertainties are reduced from $\sim 4\%$ to 2%
- ◆ NNLO PDF uncertainties are at the 2% level

extra photon radiation in VBF: $pp \rightarrow H\gamma jj$

effects of hard central photon requirement:

✗ “naive expectation”: signal S and background B
suppressed by same factor $\sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha)$

- S/B not much affected:

$$\left(\frac{S}{B}\right)_{Hjj} \sim \left(\frac{S}{B}\right)_{H\gamma jj}$$

- signal significance decreases:

$$\left(\frac{S}{\sqrt{B}}\right)_{H\gamma jj} \sim \sqrt{\alpha} \left(\frac{S}{\sqrt{B}}\right)_{Hjj} \lesssim 1/10 \left(\frac{S}{\sqrt{B}}\right)_{Hjj}$$

👉 no advantage?

effects of hard central photon requirement:

✗ “naive expectation”: signal S and background B
suppressed by same factor $\sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha)$

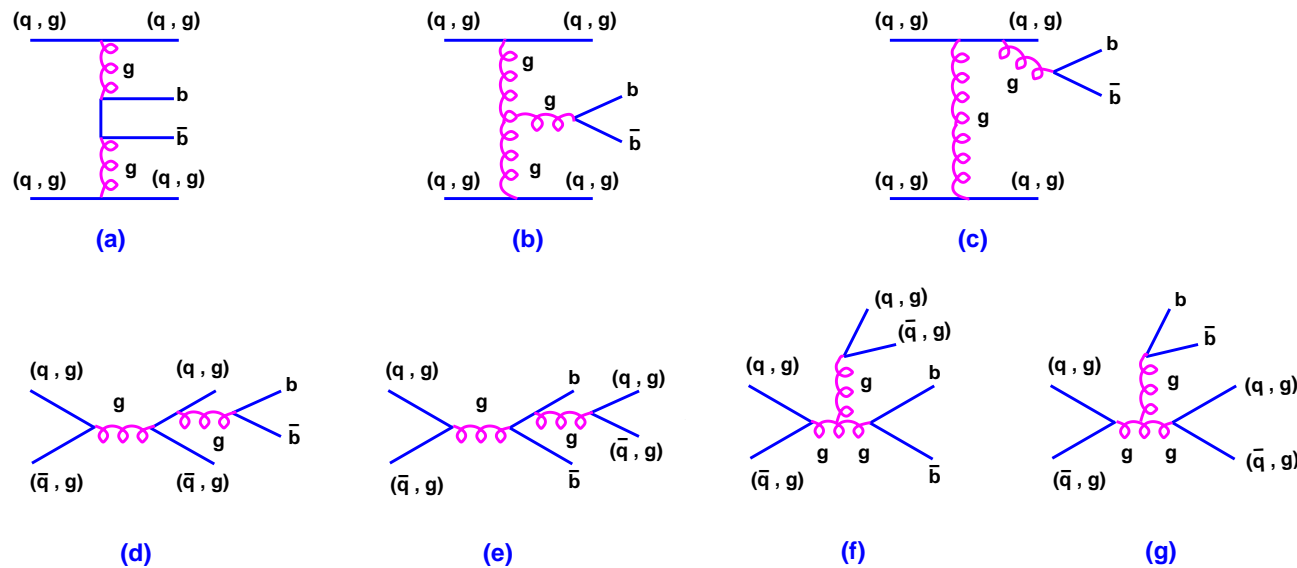
- S/B not much affected
- signal significance decreases

➡ no advantage?

✓ decrease in rate for QCD multi-jet final states

➡ improvement on trigger efficiencies for $b\bar{b}jj$ events

extra photon radiation in VBF: $pp \rightarrow H\gamma jj$



- ✓ large gluonic component in $b\bar{b}jj$ background ($\sim 80\%$ of σ_{bbjj})
 - QCD backgrounds less active in radiating photon than quark-dominated WBF signal
- ✓ WBF-specific selection cuts favor large values of x
 - valence-quarks more relevant than gluons in initial state

effects of hard central photon requirement:

- ✓ **destructive interference** between photon emission off initial-state and off final-state quarks that are linked by neutral t -channel-exchange boson
 - ☞ central photon emission in backgrounds further suppressed
- ✓ similar interference effects in WBF signal
 - suppress ZZ fusion, but **enhance WW fusion** contributions
 - ☞ relative contribution of ZZ fusion depleted w.r.t. WW fusion