



An introduction to HiggsTools: new versions of HiggsBounds and HiggsSignals

Based on arXiv:2210.09332 in collaboration with
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Georg Weiglein and Jonas Wittbrodt

TTP BSM seminar

23rd of January 2023

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Introduction

General idea: I have a model with X Higgs bosons

1. Does one of them behave in agreement with measurements of the detected Higgs boson h_{125} ?
2. Would the other Higgs bosons be excluded by searches for additional Higgs bosons?

Answer: Compare model predictions and experimental data

Obstacle 1: Compute model predictions (\rightarrow HiggsPredictions)

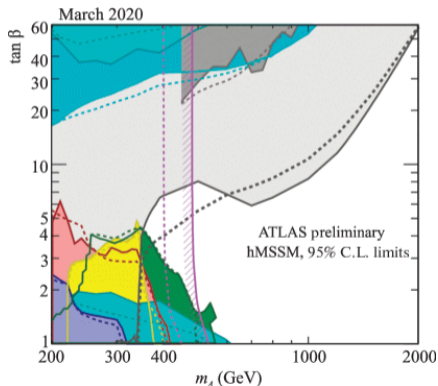
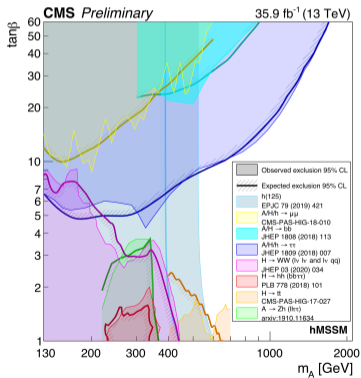
Obstacle 2: Sheer amount of experimental data (\rightarrow HiggsBounds and HiggsSignals)

Obstacle 3: Which searches are actually relevant in my case (\rightarrow HiggsBounds)

\Rightarrow **Requires automatisation**

Introduction

Searches for BSM Higgs bosons

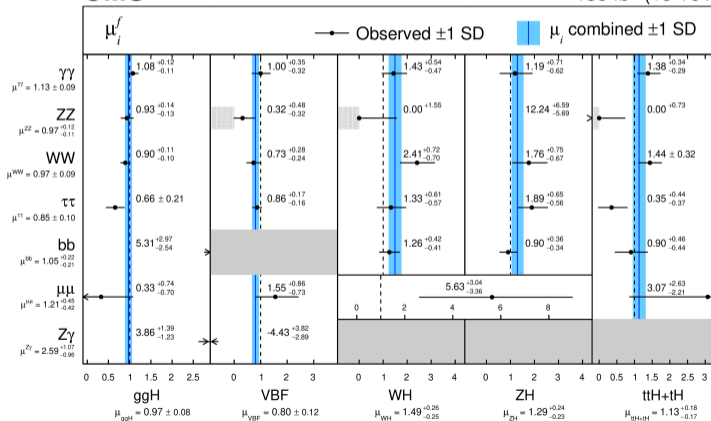


Introduction

Cross-section measurements of h_{125}

CMS

138 fb^{-1} (13 TeV)



[CMS-HIG-22-001]

Introduction

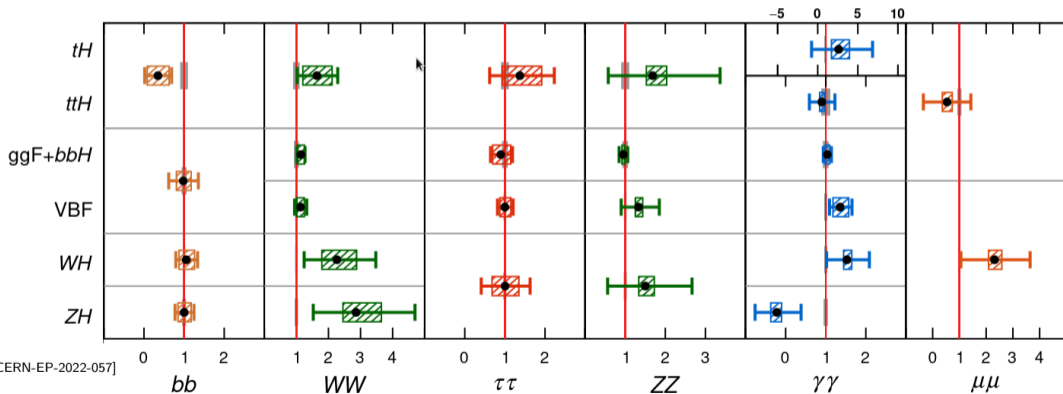
Cross-section measurements of h_{125}

ATLAS Run 2

• Data (Total uncertainty)

▨ Syst. uncertainty

▬ SM prediction



[CERN-EP-2022-057]

$\sigma \times B$ normalized to SM prediction

Introduction

History of HiggsBounds and HiggsSignals

Former members: Philip Bechtle, Oliver Brein, Karina E. Williams, Oscar Stal,
Tim Stefaniak, Daniel Dercks, Tobias Klingl, Jonas Wittbrodt



HiggsBounds confronts models with
cross-section limits from collider searches

- 02/2009, v.1 LEP and Tevatron limits
- 08/2010, v.2 Added support for charged scalars
- 05/2011, v.3 LHC 7 TeV limits included
- 05/2013, v.4 LHC 8 TeV limits included
- 03/2017, v.5 LHC 13 TeV limits included

- HiggsSignals confronts models with
cross-section and mass measurements of h_{125}
- 05/2013, v.1 Tevatron and LHC 7/8 TeV data
 - 03/2017, v.2 LHC 13 TeV data included

HiggsTools: Rewrite and unification of HB and HS

The package consists of three subpackages:

HiggsPredictions v.1

HiggsBounds v.6

HiggsSignals v.3

Written in modern C++ with python and mathematica interface

Why rewrite the whole thing?

A few pieces of code from the old versions...

HiggsTools



Why rewrite? Example 1

Reading data in old HS:

```
call system('ls -l -p '//trim(adjustl(pathname_HS))//'Expt_tables/'//trim  
            '/*.*stxscorrTHU 2>/dev/null | xargs -L 1 basename > STXS_correlations  
call system('rm -rf STXS_ncorrelations.txt')
```

- Was maybe a good solution at some point, but not today
- No PhD student would be willing to maintain code like this
- Platform dependent
- Cannot be run in parallel

Why rewrite? Example 2

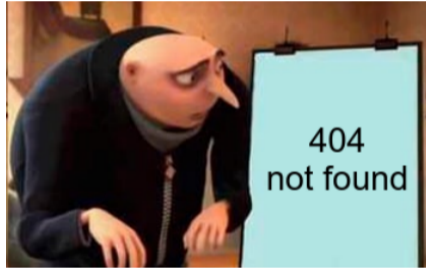
Setting particle properties in old HB:

```
subroutine HiggsBounds_neutral_input_effC( &  
  ghjss_s, ghjss_p, ghjcc_s, ghjcc_p, &  
  ghjbb_s, ghjbb_p, ghjtt_s, ghjtt_p, &  
  ghjmumu_s, ghjmumu_p, &  
  ghjtautau_s, ghjtautau_p, &  
  ghjWW, ghjZZ, ghjZga, &  
  ghjgaga, ghjgg, ghjhiZ)
```

- User cannot set only input relevant for him
- All input arrays have to be declared and set
- Adding new arguments would break all existing codes

Why rewrite? Example 3

Framework to add new data:



- Data sets were extended *by hand*
- No common data formats
- Lack of consistency between implementation of similar processes

HiggsPredictions

Helper to compute, set and store model predictions

HiggsBounds

Check BSM scalars against cross section limits

HiggsSignals

Check if the cross-section measurements at 125 GeV are reproduced

A closer look at the three subpackages

HiggsPredictions

Used to set and store the model predictions:

- Particle properties: Mass, charge, CP, cross sections, branching ratios
- Information depending on more particles, e.g. non-resonant pair production cross sections
- Contains properties of reference particles, e.g. SM Higgs boson
- Can compute cross sections and branching ratios as functions of effective couplings

```
import Higgs.predictions as HP
```

```
pred = HP.Predictions()  
h = pred.addParticle(HP.NeutralScalar("h"))  
h.setMass(125.09)  
HP.effectiveCouplingInput(h, HP.smLikeEffCouplings)
```

```
H = pred.addParticle(HP.NeutralScalar("H"))  
H.setMass(1000.0)  
H.setDecayWidth("h", "h", 1)  
H.setCxn("LHC13", "ggH", 1)
```

HiggsPredictions

Used to set and store the model predictions:

- Particle properties: Mass, charge, CP, cross sections, branching ratios
- Information depending on more particles, e.g. non-resonant pair production cross sections
- Contains properties of reference particles, e.g. SM Higgs boson
- Can compute cross sections and branching ratios as functions of effective couplings

```
Install["/Path/To/HiggsTools/build/wstp/MHiggsTools"];
```

```
HPAddParticle["h", 125.09, "neutral", "even"];
```

```
HPSMLikeEffCouplings["h"]
```

```
HPAddParticle["H", 1000, "neutral", "even"];
```

```
HPSetDecayWidth["H", "h", "h", 1];
```

```
HPSetCxn["H", "LHC13", "ggH", 1];
```

HiggsPredictions

Excess to all YR-4 cross sections and branching ratios, and more...

prod. channel	coupling dep.	mass range [GeV]	source
ggH	$c_t, \tilde{c}_t, c_b, \tilde{c}_b$	10 – 3000	SusHi
bbH	c_b, \tilde{c}_b	10 – 3000	resc. of SM result
VBF	c_Z, c_W	LHC8: 1 – 1050, LHC13: 1 – 3050	HAWK
$t\bar{t}H$	c_t, \tilde{c}_t	25 – 1000	MadGraph
tH (t channel)	c_t, \tilde{c}_t, c_W	25 – 1000	MadGraph
tWH	c_t, \tilde{c}_t, c_W	25 – 1000	MadGraph
WH	c_W, c_t	1 – 2950	vh@nnlo
$qq \rightarrow ZH$	c_Z, c_t	1 – 5000	vh@nnlo
$gg \rightarrow ZH$	$c_t, c_b, c_Z, \tilde{c}_t, \tilde{c}_b$	1 – 5000	vh@nnlo
$b\bar{b} \rightarrow ZH$	c_b	1 – 5000	vh@nnlo
$q_i q_j \rightarrow H$	$c_{q,ij}, \tilde{c}_{q,ij}$	1 – 5000	vh@nnlo
$q_i q_j \rightarrow H^\pm$	$c_{qL,ij}, c_{qR,ij}$	200 – 1150	Ref. [7]
$q_i q_j \rightarrow H + \gamma$	$c_{q,ij}, \tilde{c}_{q,ij}$	200 – 1150	Ref. [7]
$q_i q_j \rightarrow H^\pm + \gamma$	$c_{qL,ij}, c_{qR,ij}$	200 – 1150	Ref. [7]
$b\bar{b} \rightarrow ZH$	c_b	200 – 1150	Ref. [7]
$pp \rightarrow H^\pm tb$	$c_{L,tb}, c_{R,tb}$	145 – 2000	Refs. [13, 14]
$pp \rightarrow H^\pm \phi$	$c_{H^\pm \phi W^\mp}$	$m_\phi : 10 – 500, m_{H^\pm} : 100 – 500$	Ref. [15]

HiggsBounds

Compares the predicted signal rates to the experimental 95% CL limits

r - ratios : $r_{\text{exp,obs}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{pred}}}{\sigma_{\text{exp,obs}}}$, $r_{\text{obs}} < 1$ for search with $\max(r_{\text{exp}}) \Rightarrow$ point is allowed.

- For each limit select relevant particles, possibly clusters of particles
- Compute the predicted signal rate for each limit after clustering
- Compute the “r-ratios”
- For each particle select the limit with the largest r_{exp}
- Exclude parameter point if for a particle the corresponding $r_{\text{obs}} > 1$

```
import Higgs.bounds as HB
```

```
bounds = HB.Bounds('/Path/To/HBDataSet')  
hbres = bounds(pred)  
print(hbres)
```


HiggsBounds

Compares the predicted signal rates to the experimental 95% CL limits

r - ratios : $r_{\text{exp,obs}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{pred}}}{\sigma_{\text{exp,obs}}^{\text{95\%C.L.}}}$, $r_{\text{obs}} < 1$ for search with $\max(r_{\text{exp}}) \Rightarrow$ point is allowed.

- For each limit select relevant particles, possibly clusters of particles
- Compute the predicted signal rate for each limit after clustering
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- For each particle select the limit with the largest r_{exp}
- Exclude parameter point if for a particle the corresponding $r_{\text{obs}} > 1$

```
HBInitialize["/Path/To/HBDataSet"];  
hbres = {  
    HBApplyBounds[],  
    HBGetSelectedBounds[]};  
hbres
```

HiggsBounds

HiggsBounds dataset at gitlab.com/higgsbounds/hbdataset.

What is (currently) included?

- 258 search results from 165 experimental publications
 - 25 LEP searches from 13 publications (mostly combinations)
 - 90 LHC Run 1 searches from 26 ATLAS and 37 CMS publications
 - 143 LHC Run 2 searches from 44 ATLAS and 45 CMS publications
- dataset strictly superior to the HB-5 dataset
 - full Run-2 results in many channels
 - doubly charged Higgs searches

What is not (yet) included?

- 7 TeV LHC and Tevatron results
- Z'/W' searches — *possible extension*

Performs a χ^2 -fit to the measurements of h_{125}

$$\chi^2 = (\mu - \hat{\mu})^T [\Delta_{\text{obs}}^T \text{Corr}_{\text{obs}} \Delta_{\text{obs}} + \Delta_{\text{theo}}^T \text{Corr}_{\text{theo}} \Delta_{\text{theo}}]^{-1} (\mu - \hat{\mu})$$

- Mass measurements
- Inclusive cross section measurements
- Cross sections in terms of simplified template cross sections (STXS)

```
import Higgs.signals as HS

signals = HS.Signals('/Path/To/HSDataset')
chisq = signals(pred)

print(f"HiggsSignals chisq: {chisq}")
```

Performs a χ^2 -fit to the measurements of h_{125}

$$\chi^2 = (\mu - \hat{\mu})^T [\Delta_{\text{obs}}^T \text{Corr}_{\text{obs}} \Delta_{\text{obs}} + \Delta_{\text{theo}}^T \text{Corr}_{\text{theo}} \Delta_{\text{theo}}]^{-1} (\mu - \hat{\mu})$$

- Mass measurements
- Inclusive cross section measurements
- Cross sections in terms of simplified template cross sections (STXS)

```
HSInitialize["/Path/To/HSDataSet"];  
  
chisq = HSGetChisq[];  
Print[  
  "HiggsSignals chisq: " <>  
  ToString[chisq]]
```

HiggsSignals dataset at gitlab.com/higgsbounds/hbdataset.

What is (currently) included?

- 22 measurements (11 ATLAS Run-2, 9 CMS Run-2 and 2 Run-1 Combination)
 - 136 individual observables
- dataset strictly superior to the HS-2 dataset
 - full Run-2 results in many channels
 - CMS measurement of the τ -Yukawa CP-phase
 - updated mass measurements (WIP)

How to get started?

1. Required compilers: C++17 (gcc \geq 9 or clang \geq 5), CMake \geq 3.17, python \geq 3.5
2. Clone/download the code from: gitlab.com/higgsbounds/higgstools

3 (a). Build the C++ code:

```
mkdir build && cd build  
cmake ..  
make
```

3 (b). If you want to use the python interface, build with:

```
python -m pip install .
```

3 (c). If you want to use the mathematica interface, build with: (needs WSTP library)

```
mkdir build && cd build  
cmake -DHiggsTools_BUILD_MATHEMATICA_INTERFACE=ON ..  
make
```

4. Download the datasets to a separate location:

HiggsBounds data set: gitlab.com/higgsbounds/hbdataset

HiggsSignals data set: gitlab.com/higgsbounds/hsdataset

A few examples

1. Constraining Yukawa couplings to the 2nd generation fermions*
2. Sensitivity comparison: h_{125} -pair production limits*
3. Status of the 2HDM in light of LHC Run 2*
4. Constraining the invisible decay of h_{125} [TB, Mathias Pierre: 2208.05505]

*Complete example scripts in python and mathematica available in the example folder of the `HiggsTools` repository

1: Constraining Y_c

```
import Higgs.predictions as HP
import Higgs.signals as HS
```

```
pred = HP.Predictions() # create the model predictions
signals = HS.Signals('/Path/To/HSDataset') # load HS dataset
```

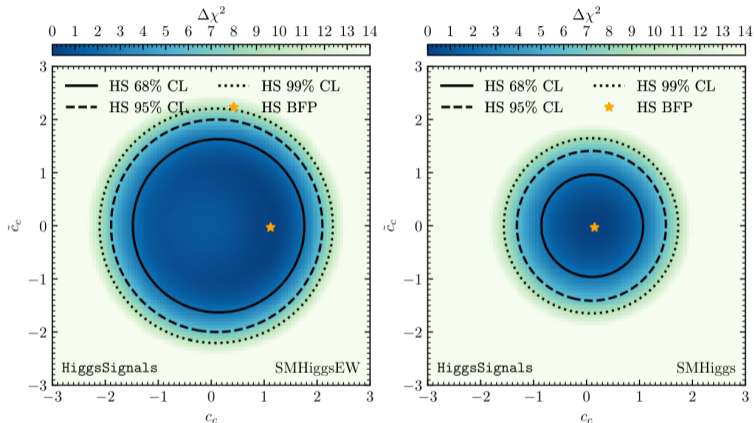
```
h = pred.addParticle(HP.NeutralScalar("h")) # add a SM-like scalar
h.setMass(125.09)
```

```
cpls = HP.NeutralEffectiveCouplings() # initialize effC object
cpls.tt = 1
cpls.bb = 1
cpls.tautau = 1
cpls.ss = 1
cpls.mumu = 1
cpls.gg = 1
cpls.ZZ = 1
cpls.WW = 1
cpls.gamgam = 1
cpls.Zgam = 1
```


1: Constraining Y_c

```
def setEffC(ccRe, ccIm, refModel):  
    cpls.cc = ccRe + 1j * ccIm  
    HP.effectiveCouplingInput(h, cpls, reference=refModel)  
  
@np.vectorize  
def calcChisq(ccRe, ccIm, refModel):  
    setEffC(ccRe, ccIm, refModel)  
    return signals(pred)  
  
x = np.linspace(-3, 3, N)  
y = np.linspace(-3, 3, N)  
X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)  
  
df['ccRe'] = X.flatten()  
df['ccIm'] = Y.flatten()  
  
df['chisqSMHiggs'] = calcChisq(df['ccRe'], df['ccIm'], "SMHiggs")  
df['chisqSMHiggsEW'] = calcChisq(df['ccRe'], df['ccIm'], "SMHiggsEW")
```

1: Constraining Y_c



Difference only comes from reference model!

SMHiggsEW: $\sigma(ggH)$ at N3LO QCD in heavy m_t -limit + EW corrections

SMHiggs: $\sigma(ggH)$ at NNLO QCD

2. h_{125} -pair production

```
import Higgs.predictions as HP
import Higgs.bounds as HB
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

pred = HP.Predictions() # create the model predictions
bounds = HB.Bounds('/Path/To/HBDataSet') # load HB dataset

h = pred.addParticle(HP.NeutralScalar("h"))
h.setMass(125.09)
HP.effectiveCouplingInput(h, HP.smLikeEffCouplings)

H = pred.addParticle(HP.NeutralScalar("H"))
H.setDecayWidth("h", "h", 1)
H.setCxn("LHC13", "ggH", 1)

df = pd.DataFrame()
df['mass'] = np.linspace(250, 2001, 1000)
```

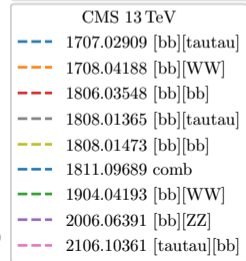
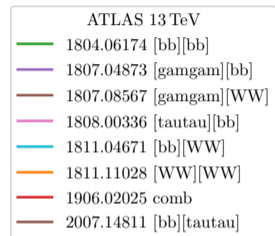
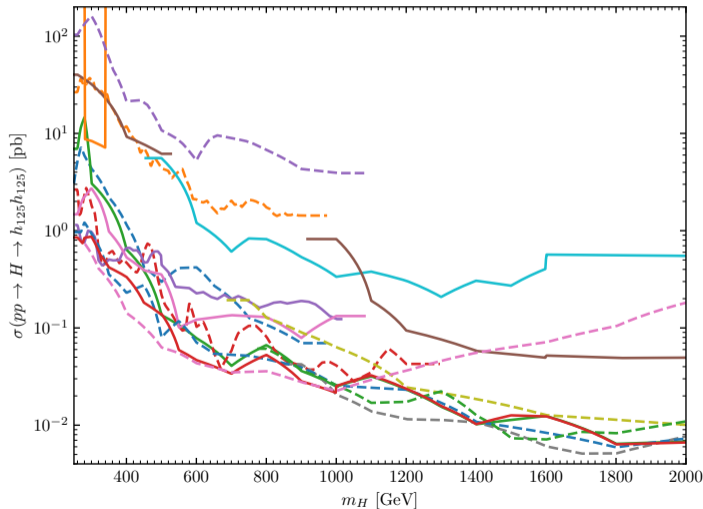
2. h_{125} -pair production

```
@np.vectorize
def runHB(mass):
    H.setMass(mass)
    return [a for a in bounds(pred).appliedLimits
            if "H" in a.contributingParticles()]
df['appliedLimits'] = runHB(df['mass'])

limits = list({a.limit() for res in df['appliedLimits'] for a in res})
limits.sort(key=lambda l: str(l.id()))
@np.vectorize
def get_obsratio(alims, id):
    for a in alims:
        if a.limit().id() == id:
            return a.obsRatio()
    return np.NaN

for lim in limits:
    df[lim.id()] = get_obsratio(df['appliedLimits'], lim.id())
```

2. h_{125} -pair production



3. Status of 2HDM

```
h = pred.addParticle(HP.BsmParticle("h", "neutral", "even"))
h.setMass(125.09)
H = pred.addParticle(HP.BsmParticle("H", "neutral", "even"))
H.setMass(800)
A = pred.addParticle(HP.BsmParticle("A", "neutral", "odd"))
A.setMass(800)
X = pred.addParticle(HP.BsmParticle("X", "single"))
X.setMass(800)
```

...

```
def run_higgstools(cpl, pt): # set particle properties and run HB and HS
    set_h_properties(cpl[0], pt)
    set_H_properties(cpl[1], pt)
    set_A_properties(cpl[2], pt)
    set_X_properties(pt)
    res = bounds(pred)
    chisq = signals(pred)
    return res, chisq
```

3. Status of 2HDM

```
def set_H_properties(dc, pt): # set properties of the H boson

    cpls = HP.NeutralEffectiveCouplings() # Set cross sections from eff. couplings
    cpls.tt = dc['tt']
    cpls.bb = dc['bb']
    cpls.ZZ = dc['ZZ']
    cpls.WW = dc['WW']
    HP.effectiveCouplingInput(H, cpls, reference=HP.ReferenceModel.SMHiggs)

    w = pt['WH'] # Set decays, here decay width obtained with NHDECAY and Scanners
    H.setDecayWidth('gg', pt['BRH2gg'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('WW', pt['BRH2WW'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('ZZ', pt['BRH2ZZ'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('gamgam', pt['BRH2yy'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('tt', pt['BRH2tt'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('bb', pt['BRH2bb'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('tautau', pt['BRH2ll'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('h', 'h', pt['BRH2hh'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('A', 'A', pt['BRH2AA'] * w)
    H.setDecayWidth('Z', 'A', pt['BRH2ZA'] * w)
    ...
```

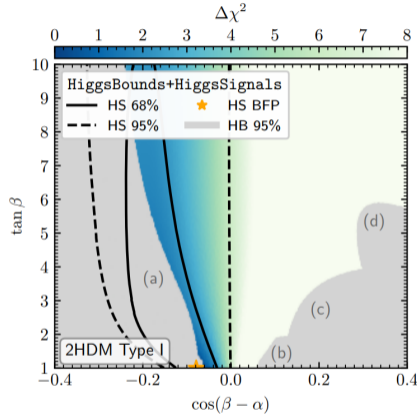
3. Status of 2HDM

```
data = [] # process dataset and save output to file

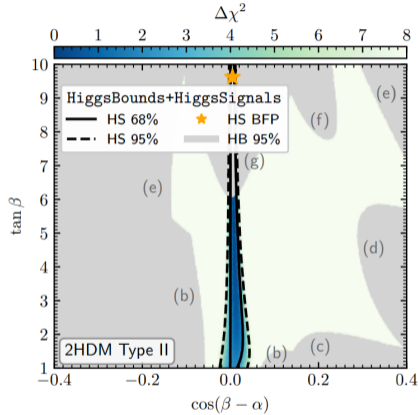
for point in dataset:
    beta, alpha = point['beta'], point['alpha']
    cpl = calc_effective_couplings(alpha, beta, yuktype)
    reshb, Chisq = run_higgstools(cpl, point)
    data.append({
        'beta': beta, 'alpha': alpha,
        'chisq': Chisq, # Save HiggsSignals results
        'hexp': reshb.selectedLimits['H'].expRatio(), # Save HiggsBounds results
        'hobs': reshb.selectedLimits['H'].obsRatio(),
        'hcha': reshb.selectedLimits['H'].limit().citeKey(),
        'aexp': reshb.selectedLimits['A'].expRatio(),
        'aobs': reshb.selectedLimits['A'].obsRatio(),
        'acha': reshb.selectedLimits['A'].limit().citeKey(),
        'xexp': reshb.selectedLimits['X'].expRatio(),
        'xobs': reshb.selectedLimits['X'].obsRatio(),
        'xcha': reshb.selectedLimits['X'].limit().citeKey()})

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df.to_csv(f'result_type{yuktype}.csv')
```


3. Status of 2HDM



- (a) CMS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow h_{125}h_{125} \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma, bb\tau\tau, bbbb, bbVV$ [49],
- (b) CMS: $pp \rightarrow \phi_1 \rightarrow h_{125}\phi_2 \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$ [43],
- (c) CMS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow Zh_{125} \rightarrow Zbb$ [31],



- (d) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow WW, ZZ, WZ$ [75],
- (e) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow h_{125}h_{125} \rightarrow bbbb$ [76],
- (f) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow VV, Vh_{125}$ [77],
- (g) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ [78],

4. Invisible decay of h_{125}

SM-like couplings:

$$c_f = c_V = 1$$

Only BSM contribution:

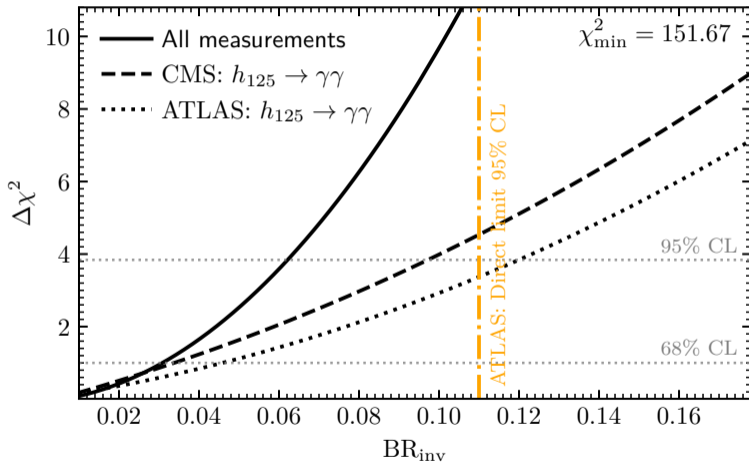
$$\text{BR}(h_{125} \rightarrow \text{inv})$$

Indirect limit:

$$\text{BR}_{\text{inv}} < \mathbf{6.2\%} \text{ at } \mathbf{95\%}$$

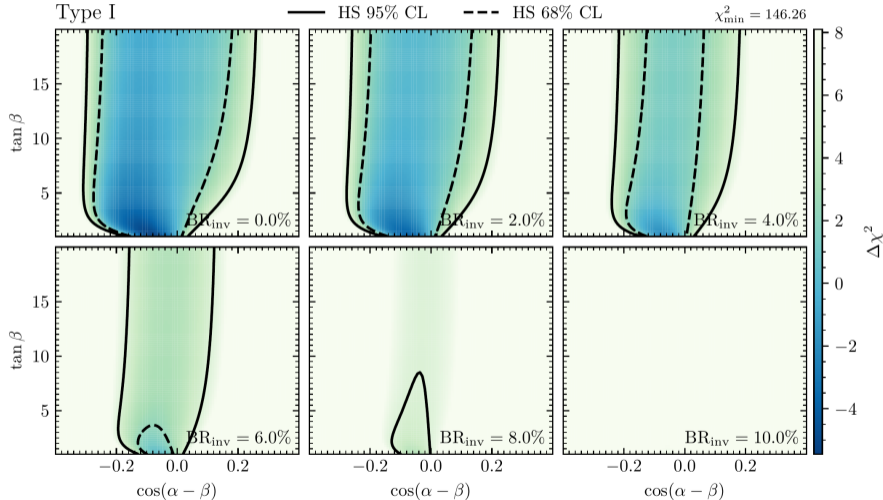
Meas. of $h_{125} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ alone
give rise to an indirect limit
stronger than the direct limit

on BR_{inv} [CMS-HIG-19-015]



[TB, Mathias Pierre: 2208.05505]

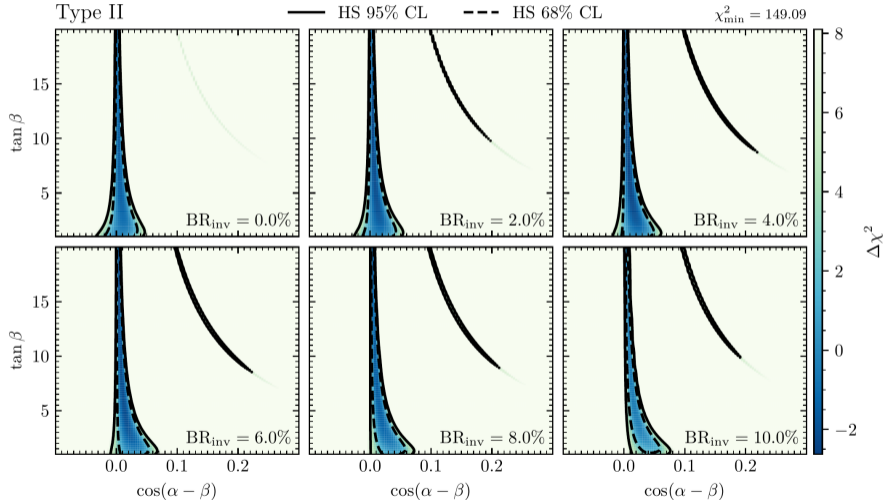
4. Invisible decay of h_{125}



[TB, Mathias Pierre: 2208.05505]

$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = 0$: Alignment limit $h_{125} = h_{\text{SM}}$

4. Invisible decay of h_{125}



[TB, Mathias Pierre: 2208.05505]

$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = 0$: Alignment limit $h_{125} = h_{\text{SM}}$

Summary: HiggsTools

How to get started?

```
git clone https://gitlab.com/higgsbounds/higgstools.git
git clone https://gitlab.com/higgsbounds/hbdataset.git
git clone https://gitlab.com/higgsbounds/hsdataset.git
cd higgstools
python -m pip install .
```

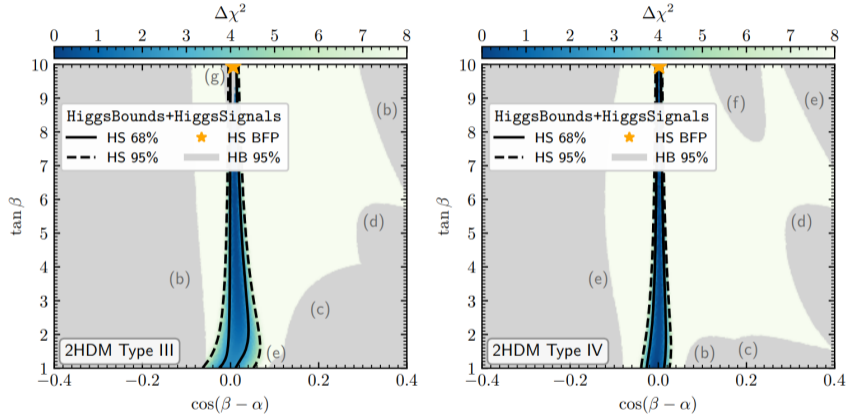
How to get help?

- Write an email to the team: higgstools@desy.de
- Raise an issue on gitlab: <https://gitlab.com>
- ITP Room: 12-16 (my office)



Thanks!

3. Status of 2HDM



- (a) CMS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow h_{125}h_{125} \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma, bb\tau\tau, bbbb, bbVV$ [49],
- (b) CMS: $pp \rightarrow \phi_1 \rightarrow h_{125}\phi_2 \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$ [43],
- (c) CMS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow Zh_{125} \rightarrow Zbb$ [31],

- (d) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow WW, ZZ, WZ$ [75],
- (e) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow h_{125}h_{125} \rightarrow bbbb$ [76],
- (f) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow VV, Vh_{125}$ [77],
- (g) ATLAS: $pp \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ [78],

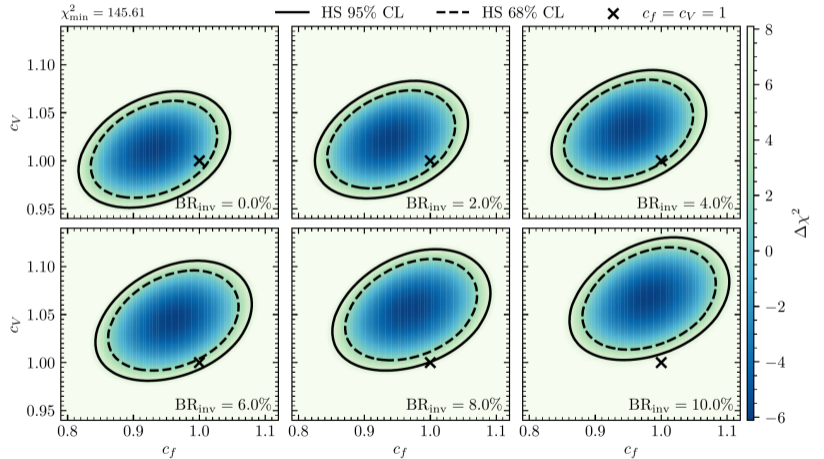
4. Invisible decay of h_{125}

Common LHC
benchmark scenario:

$$\{c_f, c_V\}, \text{ where } c_f \equiv c_u = c_d = c_\ell$$

Allowed regions in
 $\{c_f, c_V\}$ plane for all
 BR_{inv} values

Complementarity
of direct and indirect
constrains on BR_{inv}
if $h_{125} \neq h_{SM}$



$$\Delta\chi^2 < 0 \Rightarrow \chi^2 < \chi^2_{SM}$$