

NLO QCD corrections to $pp \rightarrow W^\pm Z \gamma$ with leptonic decays

in collaboration with F. Campanario, H. Rzehak and D. Zeppenfeld

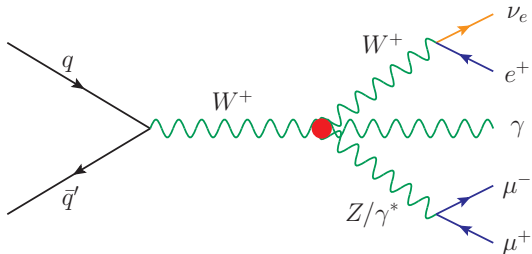
Michael Rauch | March 2010

INSTITUTE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS



Physics motivation:

- Trilepton final state with missing transverse energy
⇒ Background to searches beyond the Standard Model (e.g. SUSY)
- Possibility to obtain information about quartic gauge-boson couplings ($W W Z \gamma$ and $W W \gamma \gamma$)



Triple vector-boson production part of NLO wishlist

- NLO QCD corrections to $Z Z Z$ production

[Lazopoulos, Melnikov, Petriello 07]

- NLO QCD corrections to $W W Z$ production with leptonic decays

→ VBFNLO

[Hankele, Zeppenfeld 08]

- NLO QCD corrections to $Z Z Z$, $W W Z$, $Z Z W$, $W W W$ production

[Binoth, Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau 08]

- NLO QCD corrections to $Z Z W$, $W W W$ production with leptonic decays

→ VBFNLO

[Campanario, Hankele, Oleari, Prestel, Zeppenfeld 08]

- NLO QCD corrections to $W W \gamma$, $Z Z \gamma$ production with leptonic decays

→ VBFNLO

[Bozzi, Campanario, Hankele, Zeppenfeld 09]

- NLO QCD corrections to $W \gamma \gamma$ production

[Baur, Wackerroth, Weber in progress]

- This Talk:
NLO QCD corrections to $W Z \gamma$ production with leptonic decays

→ VBFNLO

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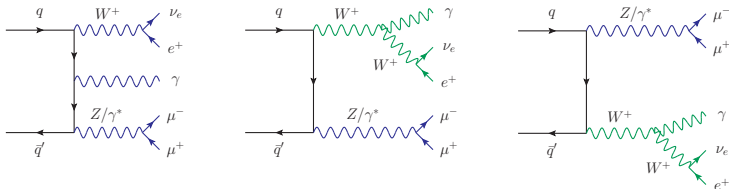
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→ VBFNLO



- All resonant and non-resonant matrix elements as well as spin correlations of final state leptons included
- γ taken as real (otherwise part of WZ)
- Interference terms due to identical particles in the final state neglected
- All fermion mass effects neglected
- In total 71 Feynman graphs for LO and 194 for LO plus jet (\rightarrow real emission part)
 \Rightarrow helicity amplitude method [Hagiwara, Zeppenfeld]
- Same building blocks for different Feynman graphs
 \Rightarrow Compute only once per phase-space point and reuse ("leptonic tensors")
- Hand-written code up to factor 10 faster than SHERPA

- Comparison with MadGraph pointwise in phase-space ($W^+Z\gamma$):

- Three qqV vertices

VBFNLO	$2.67043931319751927 \cdot 10^{-6} + 7.93930367436647552 \cdot 10^{-6} i$
MadGraph	$2.67043931319726770 \cdot 10^{-6} + 7.93930367436614009 \cdot 10^{-6} i$
ratio of absolute values	$1.0000000000000953 \simeq 1 + 10^{-13}$

- Two qqV vertices

VBFNLO	$1.68921080432822916 \cdot 10^{-5} - 1.82679493447941318 \cdot 10^{-5} i$
MadGraph	$1.68921080432817664 \cdot 10^{-5} - 1.82679493447928884 \cdot 10^{-5} i$
ratio of absolute values	$1.0000000000001021 \simeq 1 + 10^{-13}$

- One qqV vertex (s-channel)

VBFNLO	$-1.72717755320785464 \cdot 10^{-5} + 1.65363967675760989 \cdot 10^{-5} i$
MadGraph	$-1.72717755320779500 \cdot 10^{-5} + 1.65363967675749198 \cdot 10^{-5} i$
ratio of absolute values	$1.0000000000001041 \simeq 1 + 10^{-13}$

- Similar accuracy for all other process types ($W^-Z\gamma$, $W^+Z\gamma j$, $W^-Z\gamma j$)

- Comparison with Sherpa and MadGraph/MadEvent integrated over phase-space (cross sections in ab)

process	VBFNLO	Sherpa	MadEvent
$W^+Z\gamma$	327.87 ± 0.21	327.83 ± 0.19	325.95 ± 1.13
$W^-Z\gamma$	219.04 ± 0.13	219.20 ± 0.13	217.58 ± 0.70
$W^+Z\gamma j$	378.20 ± 0.68	379.42 ± 0.72	—
$W^-Z\gamma j$	268.32 ± 0.25	268.02 ± 0.55	—

Catani-Seymour Dipole Subtraction

$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = \int d\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = \underbrace{\int_{m+1} d\sigma^R}_{\text{real emission}} + \underbrace{\int_m d\sigma^V}_{\text{virtual contributions}}$$

$\int_{m+1} d\sigma^R$ and $\int_m d\sigma^V$ are separately infrared divergent in 4 dimensions

Divergences cancel in sum

[Kinoshita, Lee, Nauenberg]

⇒ Introduce local counterterm $d\sigma^A$ with the same singular behaviour as $d\sigma^R$

$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = \int_{m+1} [d\sigma^R|_{\epsilon=0} - d\sigma^A|_{\epsilon=0}] + \int_m [d\sigma^V + \int_1 d\sigma^A]_{\epsilon=0} + \underbrace{\int_m d\sigma^C}_{\text{finite collinear term}}$$

Numerical integration
in 4 dimensions

Poles cancel
analytically

[Catani, Seymour 96]

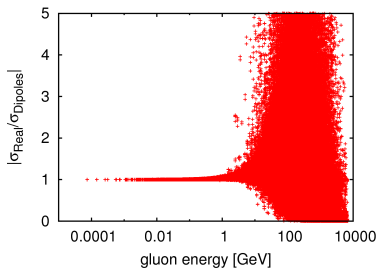
Checks – Cancellation of infrared divergencies

Catani-Seymour subtraction formalism:

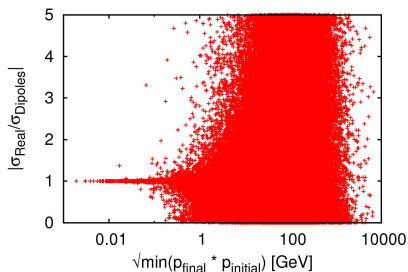
$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = \int_{5+1} [d\sigma^R|_{\epsilon=0} - d\sigma^A|_{\epsilon=0}] + \dots$$

About 1 million phase-space points

■ Soft Divergencies



■ Collinear Divergencies



Exact cancellation as we approach the relevant limits

Simple (e.g. R) separation cut between photon and jet not infrared safe:

- Complete divergence in virtual part (integration over loop momentum)
- Part of divergence in real part removed by separation cuts
- \Rightarrow Cancellation of infrared divergencies between virtual and real part broken

Use Frixione cut (infrared safe):

[Frixione 98]

$$\sum_i E_{T_i} \Theta(\delta - R_{i\gamma}) \leq p_{T\gamma} \frac{1 - \cos \delta}{1 - \cos \delta_0} \quad (\text{for all } \delta \leq \delta_0)$$

$\delta_0 = 0.7$ is fixed separation cut

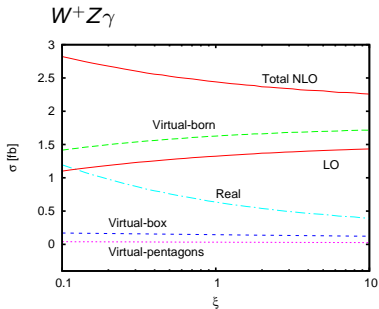
- Sufficiently soft parton (E_{T_i} small)
 \rightarrow arbitrarily close to photon axis possible
- Collinear parton ($R_{i\gamma} = 0$)
 \rightarrow only accepted for vanishing energy

Numerical Results – Gauge dependence

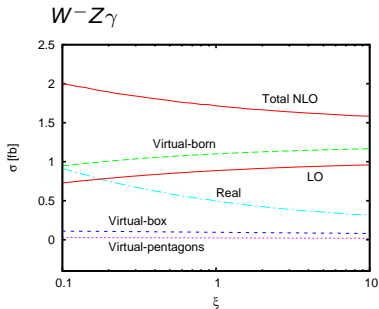
No distinction between e and μ in the final state \Rightarrow multiplicity factor 4

Scale choice $\mu_0 =$ invariant mass of $WZ\gamma$ system

Combined factorization and renormalization scale dependence $\mu = \mu_F = \mu_R = \xi\mu_0$



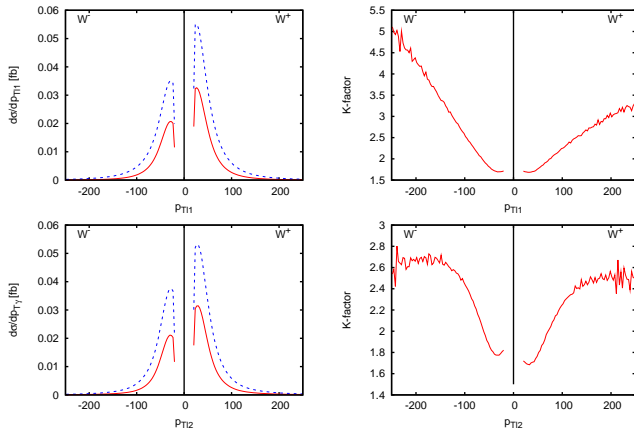
K-factor($\xi = 1$) = 1.84



K-factor($\xi = 1$) = 1.94

Numerical Results – Distributions

Transverse momentum of lepton 1 and 2 (p_T -ordered)
(solid red: LO; dashed blue: NLO)



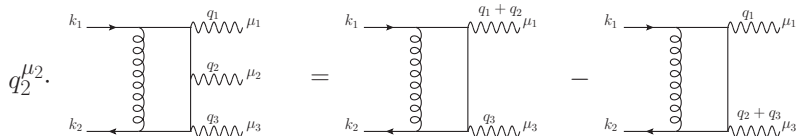
- K-factor varies strongly over lepton momentum
- Simple rescaling of LO cross section not a good approximation
- \Rightarrow Need NLO differential distributions

- NLO QCD corrections to $W^\pm Z\gamma$ with leptonic decays evaluated
- All off-shell effects included
- Important background for supersymmetry
Test of $W W Z\gamma$ and $W W \gamma\gamma$ gauge couplings in SM
- Sizable K-factors, strong variation within distributions
⇒ simple multiplication of LO result with K-factor
not a good approximation

Checks & Tricks – Shifting Polarization Vectors

Effective polarization vector of the vector boson can be split: $\epsilon_V^\mu = x_V q_V^\mu + \tilde{\epsilon}_V^\mu$

Use identity



to shift contributions from pentagons to boxes

Box integration quicker

Can use less MC points for pentagons for same final accuracy

Best choice (by trying): $\tilde{\epsilon}_V^\mu \cdot (q_\mu^W + q_\mu^Z) = 0$

Cross-check (Process $W^+Z\gamma$, c.s. in ab):

c.s. in ab	with shift	no shift	single int.
born-virtual	402.6	402.6	—
boxes	38.7	33.6	—
pentagons	9.0	13.9	—
sum	450.3	450.2	450.2
error	0.3	0.3	0.3

Experimental values:

$$p_j^T > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\eta_j < 4.5$$

$$p_l^T > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\eta_l < 2.5$$

$$p_\gamma^T > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\eta_\gamma < 2.5$$

$$\Delta m_{ll} > 15 \text{ GeV}$$

$$R_{ll} > 0.3$$

$$\Delta R_{l\gamma} > 0.4$$

$$\Delta R_{j\gamma} > 0.4$$

$$\Delta R_{p\gamma, \text{Frixione}} = 0.7$$

$$\text{Eff}_{\cdot \text{Frixione}} = 1.0$$

$$m_W = 80.398 \text{ GeV}$$

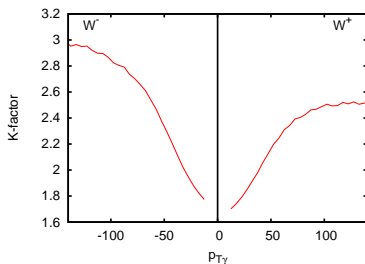
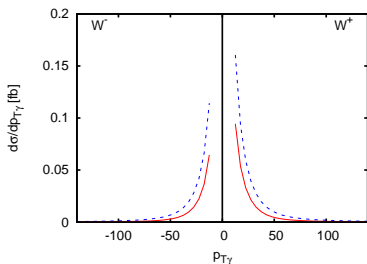
$$m_Z = 91.1876 \text{ GeV}$$

PDFs : LO : CTEQ6l1

NLO : CTEQ6m

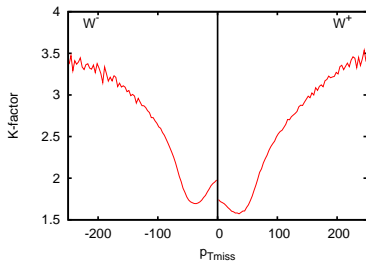
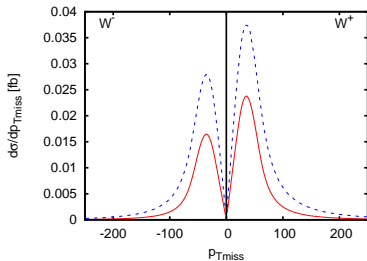
LHC : $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$

Transverse momentum distribution of the photon
(solid red: LO; dashed blue: NLO)



- K-factor varies strongly over photon momentum
- Simple rescaling of LO cross section not a good approximation
- \Rightarrow Need NLO differential distributions

Missing transverse momentum
(solid red: LO; dashed blue: NLO)



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