

Higgs Couplings at the LHC and beyond

Michael Rauch | 19th SFB/TR9 meeting, Aachen, Mar 2013

INSTITUTE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS



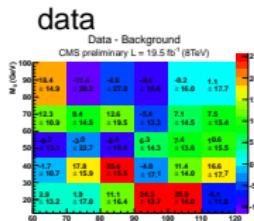
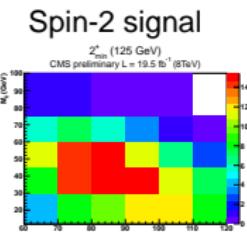
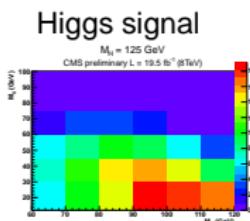
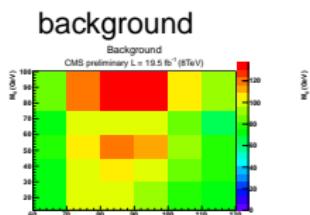
Higgs properties

Verify nature of observed resonance
 \leftrightarrow "Higgs" properties

- spin-0 particle
 - spin-1 excluded by $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - spin-2: look at angular correlations
- CP-nature
 - SM-Higgs CP-even; extended Higgs sectors also CP-odd or mixed states
 - look at angular correlations

[Zeppenfeld *et al.*; Choi *et al.*; Godbole *et al.*; Hagiwara, Mawatari, Li; Englert *et al.*; Ellis *et al.*; Frank, MR, Zeppenfeld; Alves; Boughezal *et al.*; ...]

→ checked by ATLAS and CMS
e.g. CMS WW 0-jet analysis, $m_{\ell\ell}$ - m_T -plane



⇒ CP-odd and spin-2 currently disfavoured at $1 - 2\sigma$ level

Higgs properties – couplings

Couplings:

SM prediction fixed by already known quantities

- unitarity in $W_L W_L \rightarrow W_L W_L$ scattering
→ fixed coupling $g_{WWH} \propto m_W$
- fermion masses
→ $g_{f\bar{f}H} \propto m_f$
- Higgs self-couplings

determine shape of Higgs potential via trilinear and quartic couplings

$$\text{SM: } V = \mu^2 |\Phi|^2 + \lambda |\Phi|^4 + \text{const.}$$

$$\text{new scale } \Lambda: V = \sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{\lambda^n}{\Lambda^{2n}} \left(|\Phi|^2 + \frac{\nu^2}{2} \right)^{2+n}$$

→ very challenging for LHC (and ILC)

[Djouadi *et al.*; Plehn *et al.*; Baur *et al.*; MR *et al.*; Binoth *et al.*; Englert *et al.*; Baglio *et al.*; ...]

↔ New-physics models modifying Higgs couplings

- Additional Higgs particles (Higgs portal, THDM, ...)
- Composite Higgs models
- Supersymmetry

→ Expected deviations: $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$

[Gupta, Rzehak, Wells]

Generalized Higgs sector

How well can we determine the SM Higgs couplings?

Can we distinguish a non-Standard-Model-like Higgs sector?

- Theory: Standard Model plus free Higgs couplings
Couplings from modified version of HDecay [Djouadi, Kalinowski, Mühlleitner, Spira]
- For Higgs couplings present in the Standard Model $x = W, Z, t, b, \tau$
 $g_{xxH} \equiv g_x \rightarrow g_x^{\text{SM}} (1 + \Delta_x)$ ($\rightarrow \Delta = -2$ means sign flip)
- For loop-induced Higgs couplings $x = \gamma, g$
 $g_x \rightarrow g_x^{\text{SM}} (1 + \Delta_x^{\text{SM}} + \Delta_x)$

where g_x^{SM} : (loop-induced) coupling in the Standard Model
 Δ_x^{SM} : contribution from modified tree-level couplings to Standard-Model particles
 Δ_x : additional (dimension-five) contribution
- Ratios $\frac{g_x}{g_y} = \frac{g_x^{\text{SM}}}{g_y^{\text{SM}}} (1 + \Delta_{x/y})$
- Neglecting couplings only available from high-luminosity analyses ($g_\mu, g_{HZ\gamma}^{\text{eff}}, g_{HHH}, g_{HHHH}$)
- Δ_H : single parameter modifying all (tree-level) couplings
- Total width
$$\Gamma_{\text{tot}} = \sum_{\text{obs}} \Gamma_x < 2 \text{ GeV} \quad (\text{plus generation universality})$$
- Electro-weak corrections not yet relevant
for later consistency: QCD corrections scale with couplings, EW ones not

SFitter

Algorithms:

- Weighted Markov chain
- Cooling Markov chain (\sim simulated annealing)
- Modified gradient fit (Minuit)
- Grid scan
- Nested Sampling

[Skilling; Feroz, Hobson]

[Eur.Phys.J.C54:617-644,2008, [arXiv:0709.3985 [hep-ph]]]

[JHEP08(2009)009 [arXiv:0904.3866 [hep-ph]]]

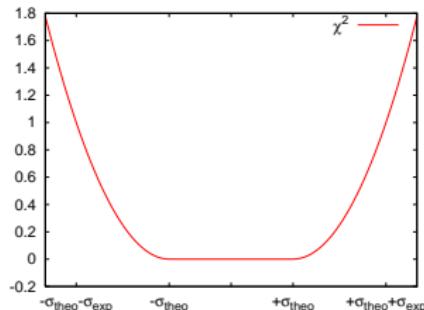
[Lafaye, Plehn, MR,Zerwas]

Errors:

- three types:
 - Gaussian – arbitrary correlations possible
(\rightarrow systematic errors)
 - Poisson
 - box-shaped (RFit) [CKMFitter]
- assignment as in exp. studies
- adaption to likelihood input easy

Output of SFitter:

- fully-dimensional log-likelihood map
- one- and two-dimensional distributions via
 - marginalization (Bayesian)
 - profile likelihood (Frequentist)
- list of best points



Higgs Couplings after Moriond 2013

7 TeV $\mathcal{L} = 4.6\text{-}5.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

ATLAS		CMS	
$\gamma\gamma$		$\gamma\gamma$	
$ZZ\ (4\ell)$		$\gamma\gamma$	di-jet
WW	0-jet	$ZZ\ (4\ell)$	
WW	1-jet	WW	0-jet
WW	2-jet	WW	1-jet
$\tau\tau$	0-jet	WW	2-jet
$\tau\tau$	1-jet	$\tau\tau$	0/1-jet
$\tau\tau$	VBF	$\tau\tau$	Boosted
$\tau\tau$	VH	$\tau\tau$	VBF
$b\bar{b}$	WH	$b\bar{b}$	WH
$b\bar{b}$	$Z_\ell H$	$b\bar{b}$	$Z_\ell H$
$b\bar{b}$	$Z_\nu H$	$b\bar{b}$	$Z_\nu H$
		bb	ttH

\otimes 8 TeV $\mathcal{L} = 12\text{-}21 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

ATLAS		CMS	
$\gamma\gamma$	low- p_T	$\gamma\gamma$	Cat0
$\gamma\gamma$	high- p_T	$\gamma\gamma$	Cat1
$\gamma\gamma$	di-jet lml	$\gamma\gamma$	Cat2+3
$\gamma\gamma$	di-jet hml	$\gamma\gamma$	di-jet tight
$\gamma\gamma$	di-jet tight	$\gamma\gamma$	di-jet loose
$E_T(\text{miss})$	$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$		
1ℓ	WW	WW	0-jet
	WW	WW	1-jet
	0-jet	WW	2-jet
	1-jet	$\tau\tau$	0/1-jet
	$\tau\tau$	$\tau\tau$	Boosted
	$\tau\tau$	$\tau\tau$	VBF
	$\tau\tau$	$\tau\tau$	WH
	$\tau\tau$	$\tau\tau$	$Z_\ell H$
	$\tau\tau$	$\tau\tau$	$Z_\nu H$
	bb	bb	ttH
	bb	bb	$Z_\ell H$ low- p_T
	bb	bb	$Z_\ell H$ high- p_T
	bb	bb	$Z_\nu H$ low- p_T
	bb	bb	$Z_\nu H$ high- p_T
	bb	bb	WH low- p_T
	bb	bb	WH high- p_T

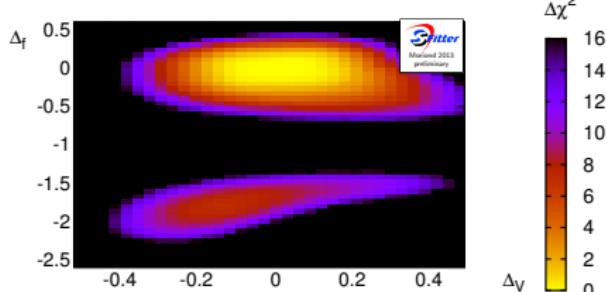
- background expectations, exp. errors, etc. from analyses
- cross-checked with exclusion and signal-strength plots

CMS $\gamma\gamma$ and $\tau\tau$ CONF-notes not yet available.
 ⇒ Results shown here only with global signal-strength data.

Global view

Δ_V vs. Δ_f

SM hypothesis
(bkgd. + SM-strength signal injected)



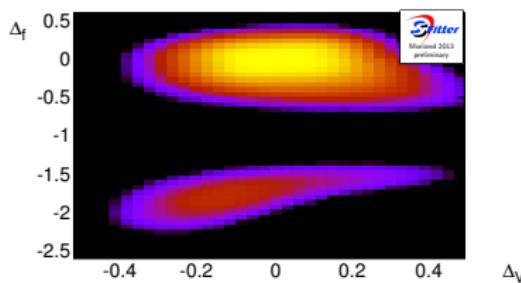
Expected 2012 results:

- Correct solution around SM value
 $\Delta = 0$
- Secondary solution
for opposite fermion coupling
→ photon coupling enhanced
- $\sim 2.5\sigma$ discrimination power
between both signs

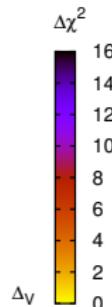
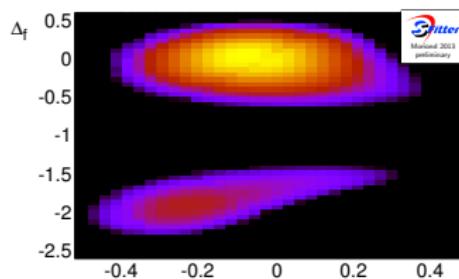
Global view

Δ_V vs. Δ_f

SM hypothesis
(bkgd. + SM-strength signal injected)



measured data



Expected 2012 results:

- Correct solution around SM value $\Delta = 0$
- Secondary solution for opposite fermion coupling \rightarrow photon coupling enhanced
- $\sim 2.5\sigma$ discrimination power between both signs

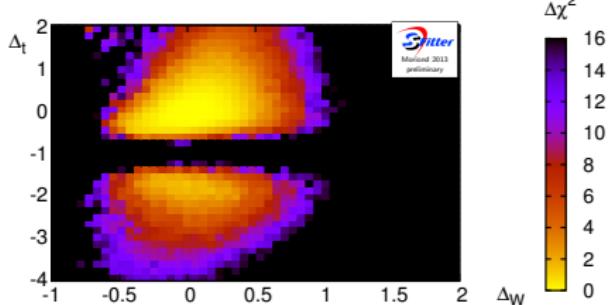
2012 results:

- similar to expectation
- opposite-sign solution clearly disfavoured

Global view

Δ_W vs. Δ_t

SM hypothesis
(bkgd. + SM-strength signal injected)



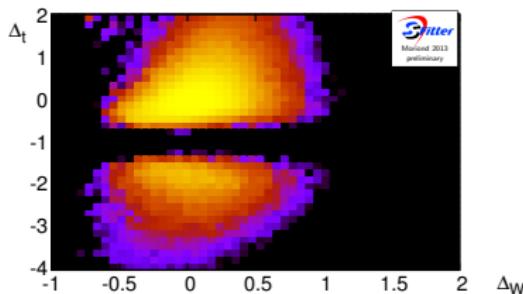
Expected 2012 results:

- Correct solution around SM value
 $\Delta = 0$
- Secondary solution
for flipped top Yukawa coupling
→ photon coupling enhanced
- Large- Δ_t solution of 2011 killed
by $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ measurement

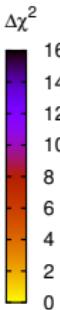
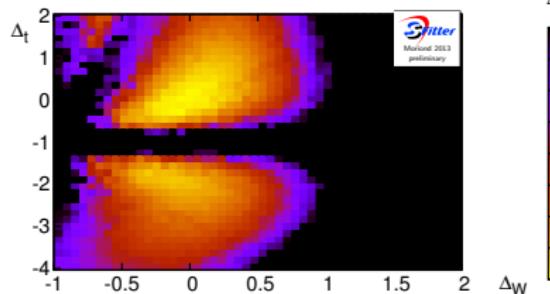
Global view

Δ_W vs. Δ_t

SM hypothesis
(bkgd. + SM-strength signal injected)



measured data



Expected 2012 results:

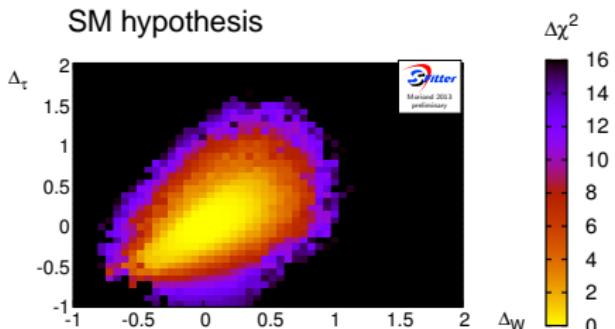
- Correct solution around SM value $\Delta = 0$
- Secondary solution for flipped top Yukawa coupling → photon coupling enhanced
- Large- Δ_t solution of 2011 killed by $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ measurement

2012 results:

- similar to expectation
- flipped-top coupling basically equal log-likelihood
- small remnant of large- Δ_t solution

Global view

Δ_W vs. Δ_τ



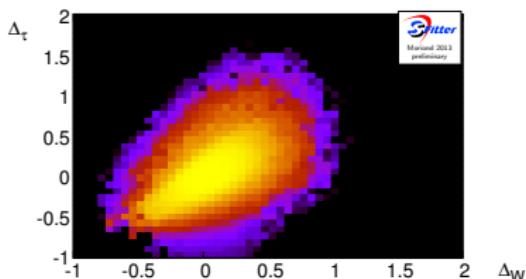
Expected 2012 results:

- Clear indication of non-vanishing $H\tau\tau$ coupling

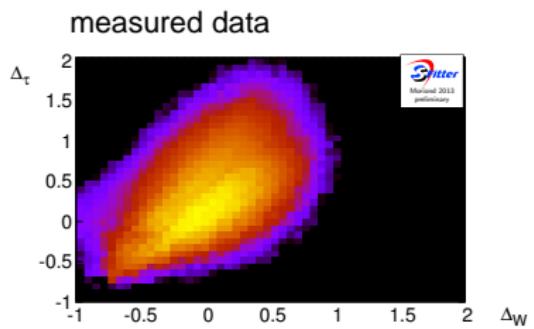
Global view

Δ_W vs. Δ_τ

SM hypothesis



measured data



$\Delta\chi^2$

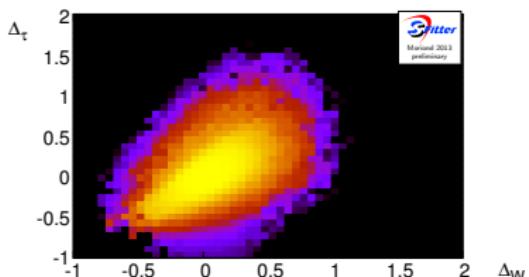
16
14
12
10
8
6
4
2
0

Expected 2012 results:

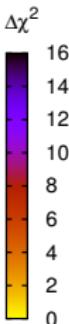
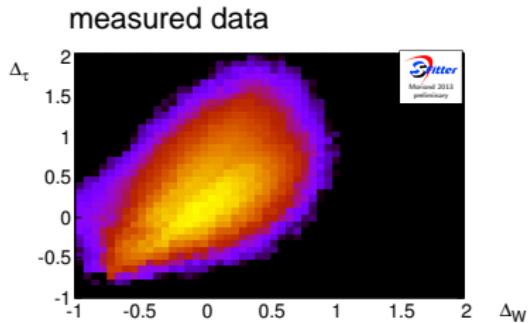
- Clear indication of non-vanishing $H\tau\tau$ coupling
- Finally seen
- First direct evidence for coupling to fermions!

Δ_W vs. Δ_τ

SM hypothesis



measured data



Expected 2012 results:

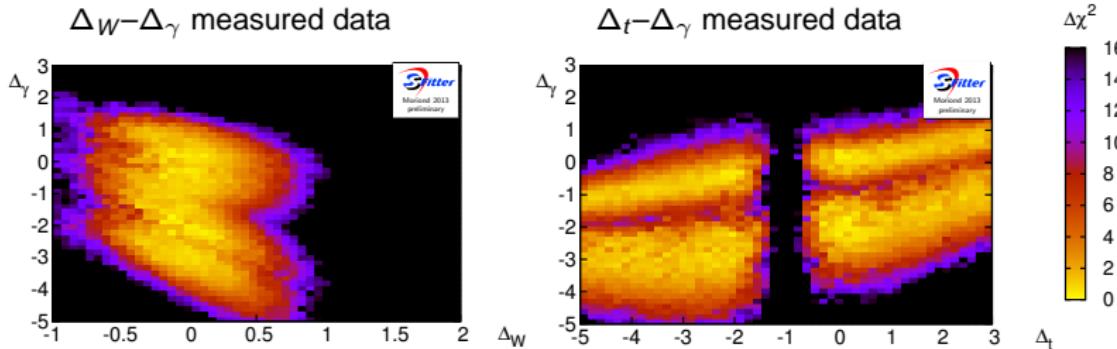
- Clear indication of non-vanishing $H\tau\tau$ coupling
- Finally seen
- First direct evidence for coupling to fermions!

Best-fitting solutions:

Δ_W	Δ_Z	Δ_t	Δ_b	Δ_τ	$\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.}$	
-0.11	-0.04	-0.20	-0.27	-0.04	15.8/58	$\chi^2(\text{SM}) = 16.4$
-0.26	-0.02	-1.70	-0.30	0.03	16.8/58	

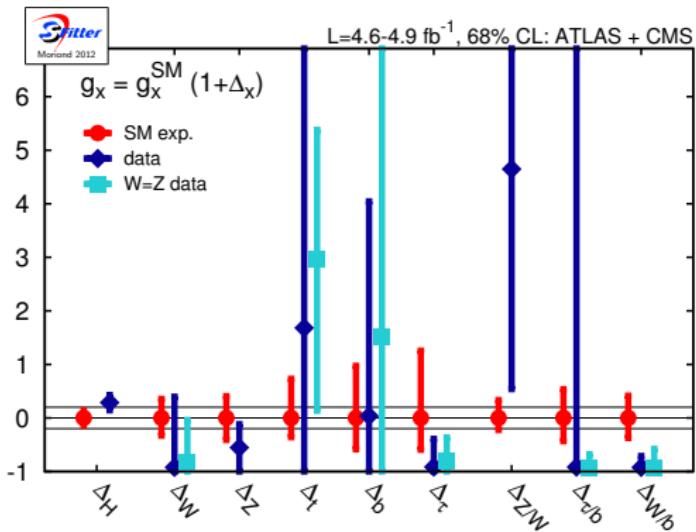
Global view

Independent contribution to photon coupling Δ_γ



Standard Model-like solution plus secondary flipped-sign solutions
(Anti-)correlations between parameters as expected
No surprising new features

Local View on data

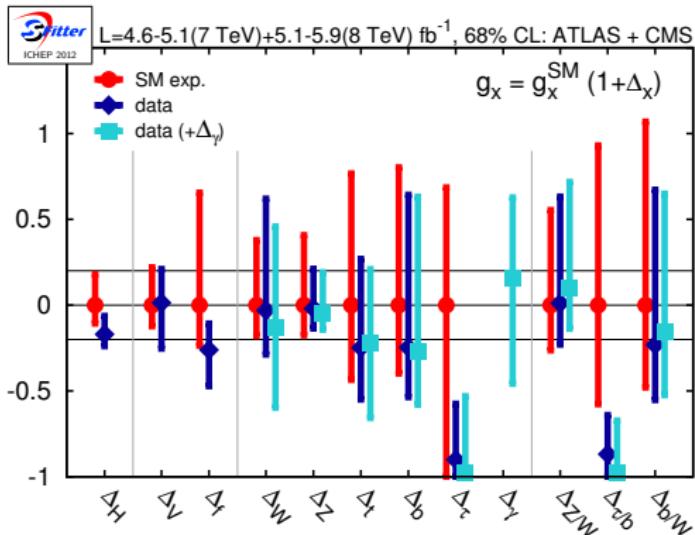


- One year ago ...
(Moriond 2012)

- best-fit point from Markov-chain Monte Carlo
- Error bars: 5000 toy MC, 68% CL coverage
- horizontal lines: $\pm 20\%$

[see also Carmi et al. ; Asatov et al. ; Espinosa et al. ; Giardino et al. ; Ellis et al. ; Farina et al. ; ...]

Local View on data

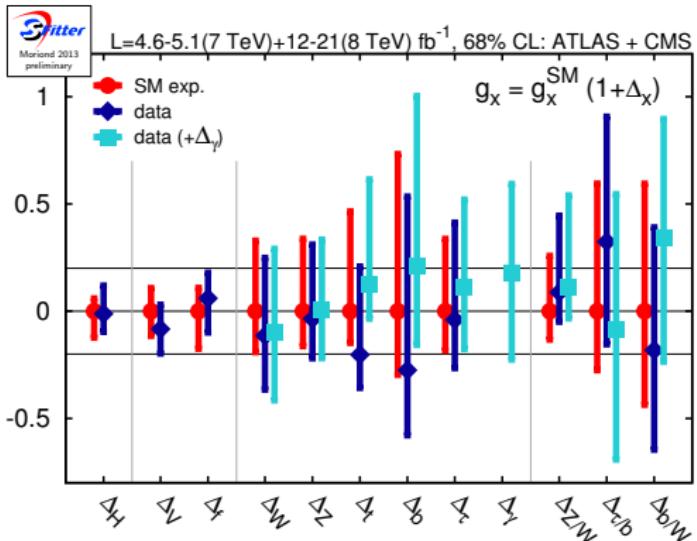


- Discovery ...
(ICHEP 2012)

- best-fit point from Markov-chain Monte Carlo
- Error bars: 5000 toy MC, 68% CL coverage
- horizontal lines: $\pm 20\%$

[see also Carmi *et al.*; Asatov *et al.*; Espinosa *et al.*; Giardino *et al.*; Ellis *et al.*; Farina *et al.*; ...]

Local View on data

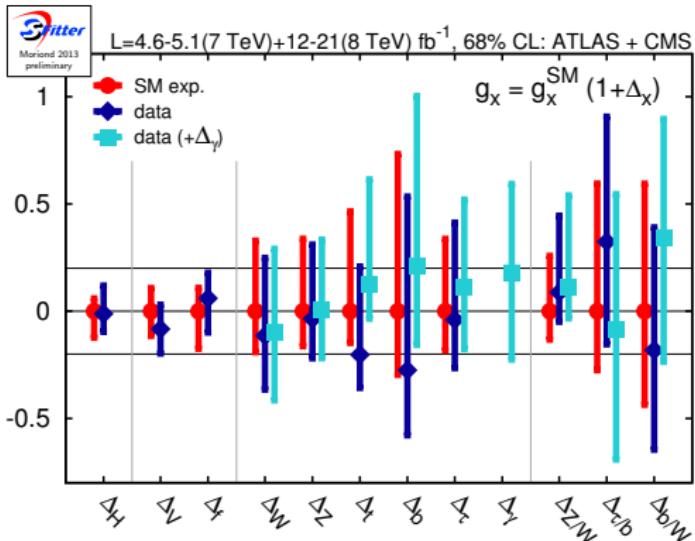


- Δ_H already very precise
- $\Delta_V - \Delta_f$ also well determined

- best-fit point from Markov-chain Monte Carlo
- Error bars: 5000 toy MC, 68% CL coverage
- horizontal lines: $\pm 20\%$

[see also Carmi et al. ; Asatov et al. ; Espinosa et al. ; Giardino et al. ; Ellis et al. ; Farina et al. ; ...]

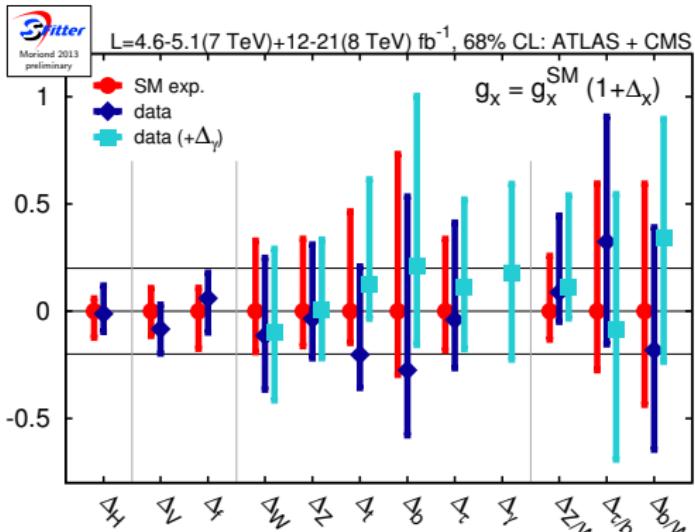
Local View on data



- best-fit point from Markov-chain Monte Carlo
- Error bars: 5000 toy MC, 68% CL coverage
- horizontal lines: $\pm 20\%$

[see also Carmi et al. ; Asatov et al. ; Espinosa et al. ; Giardino et al. ; Ellis et al. ; Farina et al. ; ...]

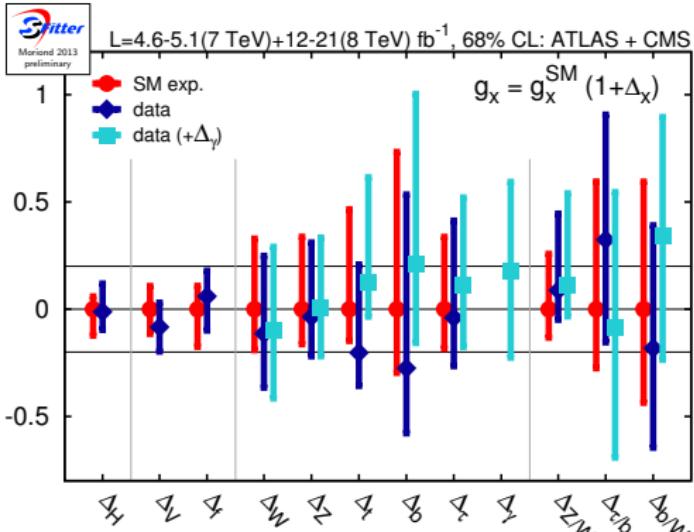
Local View on data



- best-fit point from Markov-chain Monte Carlo
- Error bars: 5000 toy MC, 68% CL coverage
- horizontal lines: $\pm 20\%$

[see also Carmi et al. ; Asatov et al. ; Espinosa et al. ; Giardino et al. ; Ellis et al. ; Farina et al. ; ...]

Local View on data



- best-fit point from Markov-chain Monte Carlo
- Error bars: 5000 toy MC, 68% CL coverage
- horizontal lines: $\pm 20\%$

[see also Carmi et al. ; Asatov et al. ; Espinosa et al. ; Giardino et al. ; Ellis et al. ; Farina et al. ; ...]

- Δ_H already very precise
- $\Delta_V - \Delta_f$ also well determined
- g_W, g_Z okay
- g_b and g_t dependent on additional $\Delta\gamma$ contribution
- g_τ now SM-like as well
- rations:
no improvement over direct measurements
but less assumptions
- g_γ possible
 $\Delta\gamma = 0.18$

Standard Model-like Higgs

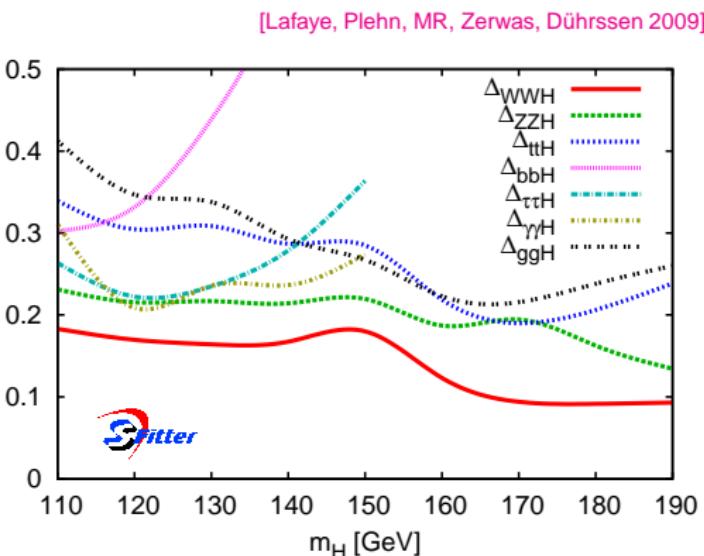
Higgs at the LHC

14 TeV expectations (30 fb^{-1})

[Zeppenfeld, Kinnunen, Nikitenko, Richter-Was; Dührssen *et al.*]

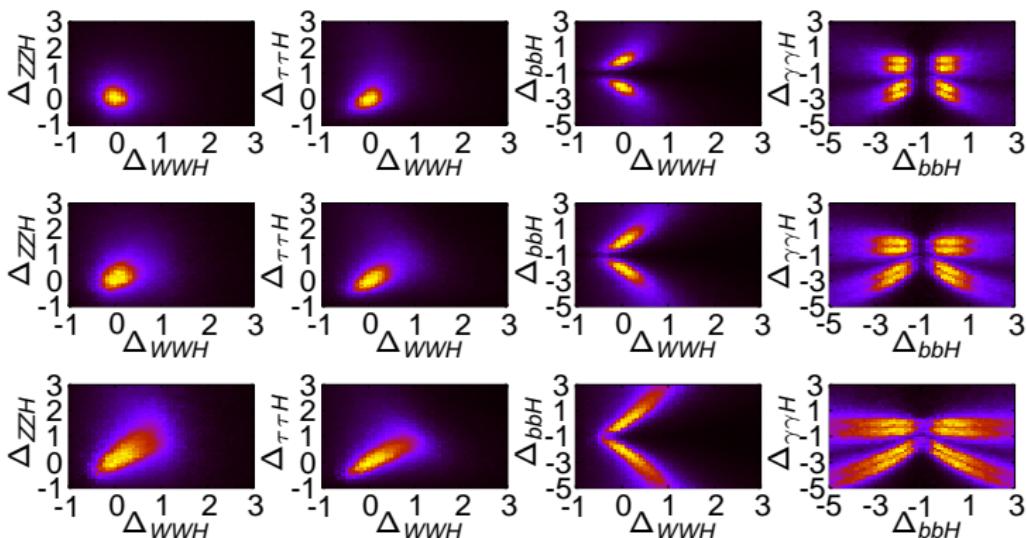
(Standard Model hypothesis)

production	decay
$gg \rightarrow H$	ZZ
qqH	ZZ
$gg \rightarrow H$	WW
qqH	WW
$t\bar{t}H$	$WW(3\ell)$
$t\bar{t}H$	$WW(2\ell)$
inclusive	$\gamma\gamma$
qqH	$\gamma\gamma$
$t\bar{t}H$	$\gamma\gamma$
WH	$\gamma\gamma$
ZH	$\gamma\gamma$
qqH	$\tau\tau(2\ell)$
qqH	$\tau\tau(1\ell)$
$t\bar{t}H$	$b\bar{b}$
WH/ZH	bb (subjet)



Impact of subjet analysis

[SFitter]



Top to bottom: ● VH , $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ subjet analysis with full strength

[Butterworth, Davison, Rubin, Salam; ATLAS-MC]

- sensitivity reduced by 50%
- subjet analysis removed

↔ No test of subjet analysis with data yet

Invisible vs. Unobserved

Additional decays into “invisible” final states possible

$$\Gamma_{\text{tot}} = \Gamma_{\text{tot}}^{\text{SM}} + \Gamma_{\text{inv}} \equiv \Gamma_{\text{tot}}^{\text{SM}} (1 + \Delta_{\Gamma})$$

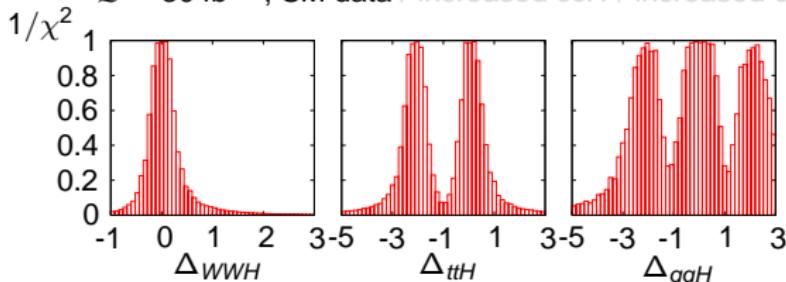
Can be compensated by global scaling of couplings

$$\sigma \cdot BR = \frac{\Delta_H^2}{1 + \frac{\Delta_{\Gamma}}{\Delta_H^2}} (\sigma \cdot BR)_{\text{SM}}$$

- Invisible Higgs decays actually observable
 - Vector-Boson Fusion: tagging jets plus missing E_T [Eboli, Zeppenfeld]
 - WH/ZH : recoil against nothing [Choudhury, Roy; Godbole, Guchait, Mazumdar, Moretti, Roy; Englert, Spannowsky, Wymant]
- Unobservable decays into particles with large backgrounds (like $H \rightarrow \text{jets}$)
e.g. increased ccH coupling (corresponding to 15.4 GeV Yukawa coupling)

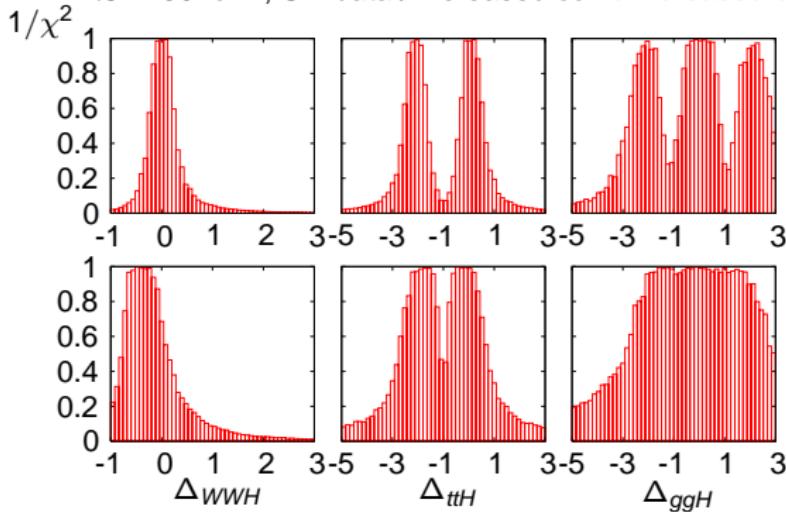
Invisible vs. Unobserved

- Unobservable decays into particles with large backgrounds (like $H \rightarrow \text{jets}$)
e.g. increased ccH coupling (corresponding to 15.4 GeV Yukawa coupling)
 $\mathcal{L} = 30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, SM data / increased ccH / increased ccH plus free width



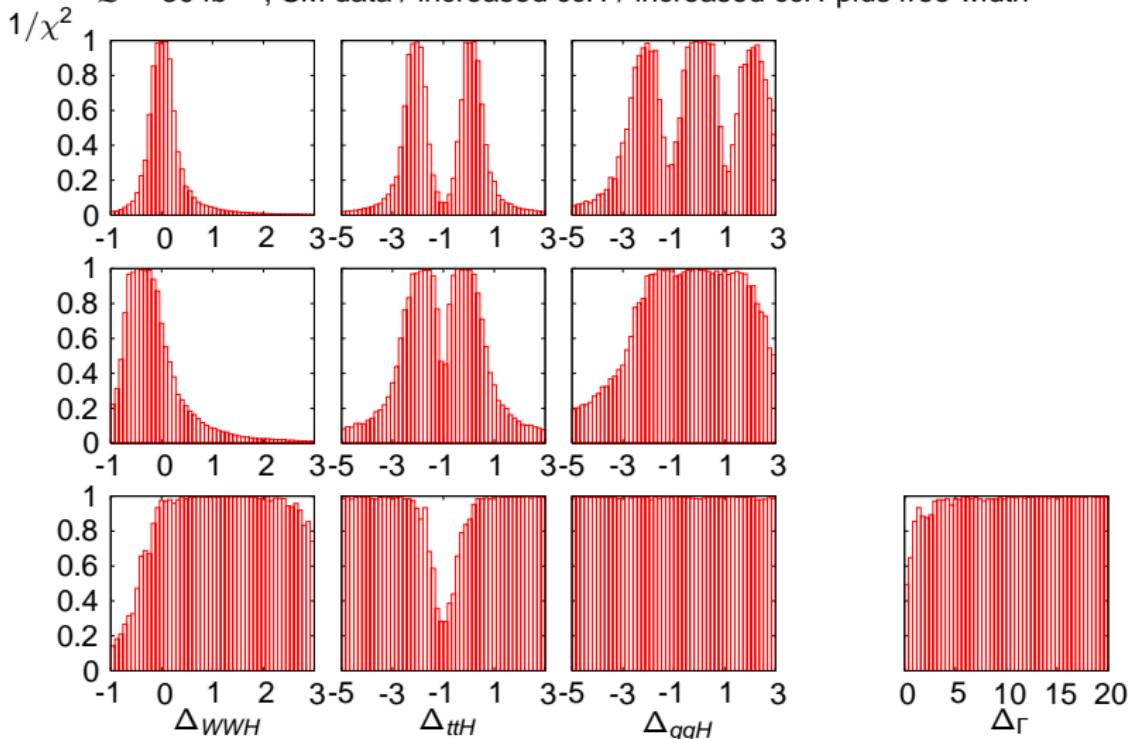
Invisible vs. Unobserved

- Unobservable decays into particles with large backgrounds (like $H \rightarrow \text{jets}$)
e.g. increased ccH coupling (corresponding to 15.4 GeV Yukawa coupling)
 $\mathcal{L} = 30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, SM data / increased ccH / increased ccH plus free width



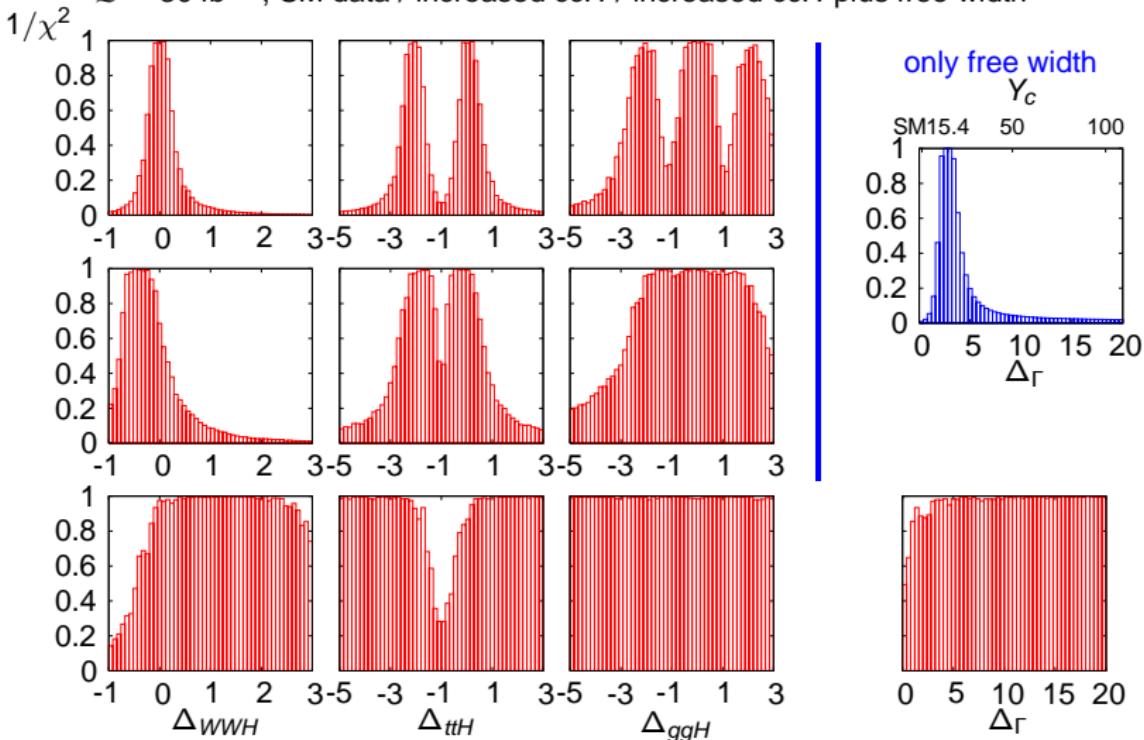
Invisible vs. Unobserved

- Unobservable decays into particles with large backgrounds (like $H \rightarrow \text{jets}$)
e.g. increased ccH coupling (corresponding to 15.4 GeV Yukawa coupling)
 $\mathcal{L} = 30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, SM data / increased ccH / increased ccH plus free width



Invisible vs. Unobserved

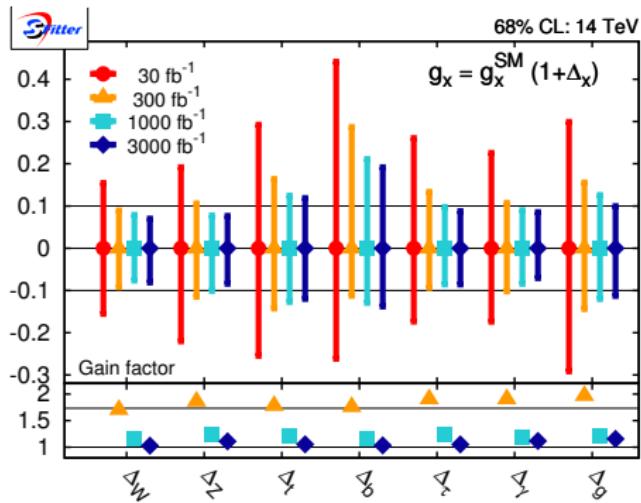
- Unobservable decays into particles with large backgrounds (like $H \rightarrow \text{jets}$)
e.g. increased ccH coupling (corresponding to 15.4 GeV Yukawa coupling)
 $\mathcal{L} = 30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, SM data / increased ccH / increased ccH plus free width



LHC in the future

LHC high-luminosity run: 14 TeV, 3000 fb^{-1}

Standard Model hypothesis



- extrapolation done blindly (only stat. improvements) starting from MC expectation at 14 TeV, 30 fb^{-1}
- full set including effective couplings

- gain factor less than 3 ($30 \rightarrow 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$), $\sqrt{3}$ ($300 \rightarrow 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $1000 \rightarrow 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
- \Rightarrow statistical scaling does not apply any longer
- best obtainable precision $\simeq 10\%$
- all couplings limited by systematic and theory error

Linear Collider

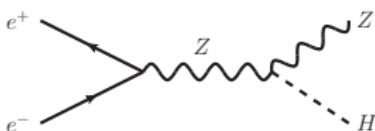
Linear Collider:

proposed first run: $\sqrt{S} = 250 \text{ GeV}$, $L = 250 \text{ fb}^{-1}$,
upgrade to $\sqrt{S} = 500 \text{ GeV}$, $L = 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

ILC measurements (from DBD draft)

[Peskin (ed.) et al.]

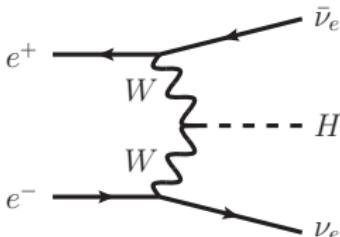
Main production mode ZH



Allows measuring inclusive ZH cross section via recoil technique

(use all events where Z decay products kinematically compatible with ZH production;
 H decay products stay unobserved)

WW -fusion channel



Important ingredient to reconstruct total width

Combine four measurements

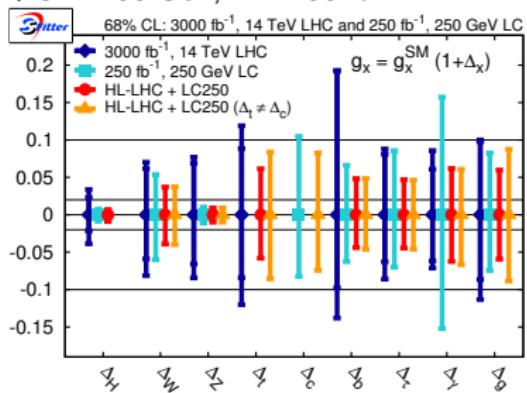
- ➊ Higgs-strahlung inclusive (σ_{ZH})
- ➋ Higgs-strahlung, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (σ_{Zbb})
- ➌ Higgs-strahlung, $H \rightarrow WW$ (σ_{ZWW})
- ➍ WW -fusion with $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ($\sigma_{\nu\nu bb}$)

and four unknowns Δ_W , Δ_Z , Δ_b , and Γ_{tot} :

$$\Gamma_{\text{tot}} \leftarrow \frac{\sigma_{\nu\nu bb}/\sigma_{Zbb}}{\sigma_{ZWW}/\sigma_{ZH}} \times \sigma_{ZH}$$

LHC-ILC interplay

$$\sqrt{S} = 250 \text{ GeV}, L = 250 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



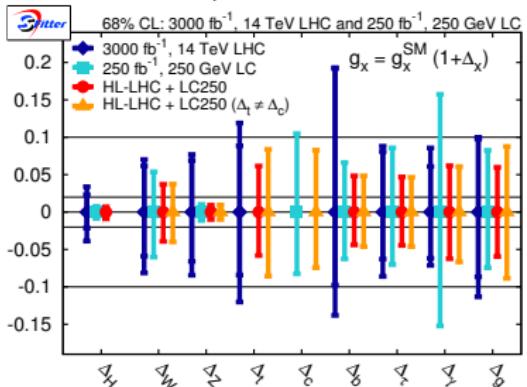
[Klute, Lafaye, Plehn, MR, Zerwas]

- reminder: $\Delta_t = \Delta_c$
(generation universality)
- LHC: no Δ_c
(no obs. channel)
- ILC: no Δ_t
(below $t\bar{t}H$ threshold)

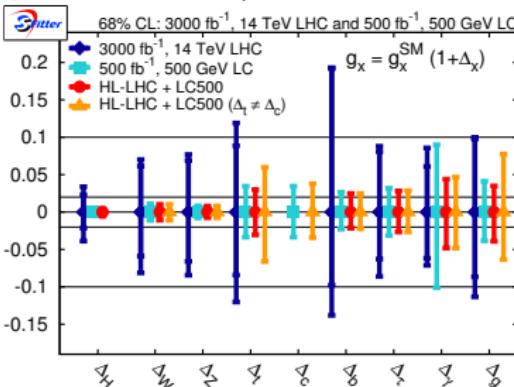
- dramatic improvement on Δ_Z , Δ_b
- complementary: combination better than each alone
- testing $\Delta_t \stackrel{?}{=} \Delta_c$ possible

LHC-ILC interplay

$$\sqrt{S} = 250 \text{ GeV}, L = 250 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



$$+ \sqrt{S} = 500 \text{ GeV}, L = 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

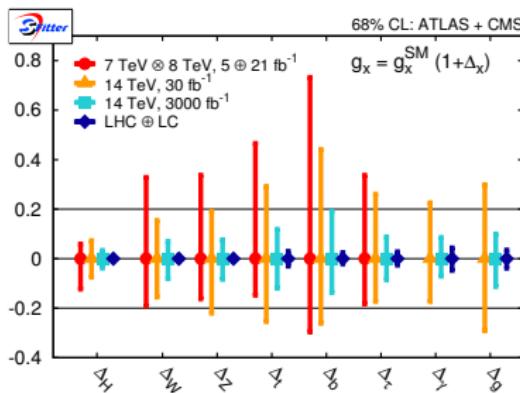
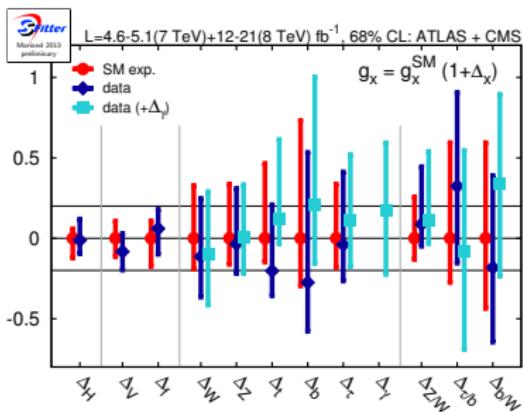


- dramatic improvement on Δ_Z , Δ_b
- complementary: combination better than each alone
- testing $\Delta_t = ? \Delta_c$ possible

+ 500 GeV run: ILC precision surpasses LHC everywhere

Conclusions & Outlook

- Determining the Higgs-boson couplings important for our understanding of electroweak symmetry breaking
→ Standard Model with effective Higgs couplings
- All errors including correlations fully implemented
- Already wealth of measurements from LHC
- Precision on single-parameter modifier $\Delta_H \simeq 10\%$ already now
- SM Higgs Boson good explanation of observed resonance





- Need to scan high-dimensional parameter space
- ⇒ SFitter [Lafaye, Plehn, MR, Zerwas]
- General Higgs couplings from modified version of HDecay [Djouadi, Kalinowski, Spira]
- Three scanning techniques:
 - Weighted Markov Chain
 - Cooling Markov Chain (equivalent to simulated annealing)
 - Gradient Minimisation (Minuit)
 - Nested Sampling [Skilling; Feroz, Hobson]
- Output of SFitter:
 - Fully-dimensional log-likelihood map
 - Reduction to plotable one- or two-dimensional distributions via both
 - Bayesian (marginalisation) or
 - Frequentist (profile likelihood) techniques
 - List of best points
- Also successfully used for SUSY parameter extraction studies [partly in coll. with Adam, Kneur; Turlay]

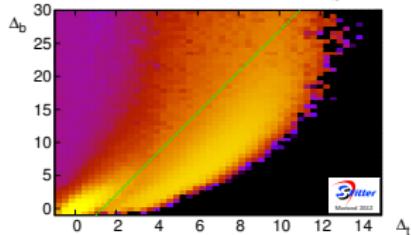
The 7 TeV Case

Higgs boson channels, $\mathcal{L} = 4.6\text{-}4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

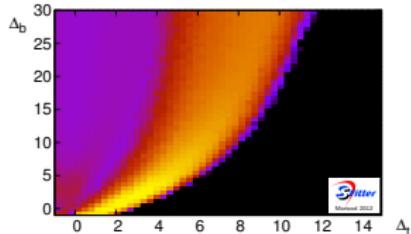
ATLAS		CMS
$\gamma\gamma$		$\gamma\gamma$
$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$		$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$
WW	0-jet	WW
WW	1-jet	0-jet
WW	2-jet	1-jet
$\tau\tau$	0-jet	WW
$\tau\tau$	1-jet	$\tau\tau$
$\tau\tau$	VBF	$\tau\tau$
$\tau\tau$	VH	$\tau\tau$
$b\bar{b}$	WH	$b\bar{b}$
$b\bar{b}$	$Z(\rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell})H$	$b\bar{b}$
$b\bar{b}$	$Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})H$	$Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})H$

- background expectations, exp. errors, etc. from analyses
- cross-checked with exclusion and signal-strength plots

SM hypothesis Δ_t vs. Δ_b



7 TeV data Δ_t vs. Δ_b

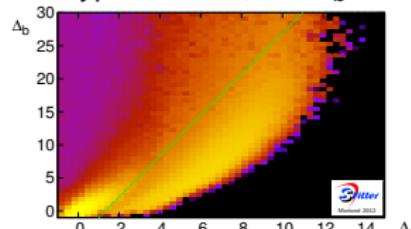


The 7 TeV Case

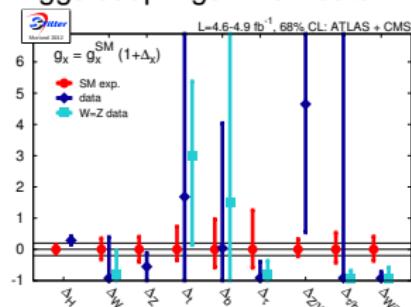
Higgs boson channels, $\mathcal{L} = 4.6\text{-}4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

ATLAS		CMS
$\gamma\gamma$		$\gamma\gamma$
$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$		$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$
WW	0-jet	WW
WW	1-jet	WW
WW	2-jet	WW
$\tau\tau$	0-jet	$\tau\tau$
$\tau\tau$	1-jet	$\tau\tau$
$\tau\tau$	VBF	$\tau\tau$
$\tau\tau$	VH	$\tau\tau$
$b\bar{b}$	WH	$b\bar{b}$
$b\bar{b}$	$Z(\rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell})H$	$b\bar{b}$
$b\bar{b}$	$Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})H$	$Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})H$

SM hypothesis Δ_t vs. Δ_b



Higgs couplings 7 TeV data



- background expectations, exp. errors, etc. from analyses
- cross-checked with exclusion and signal-strength plots

Higgs at the LHC

Input data [Dührssen (ATL-PHYS-2002-030), ATLAS CSC Note; CMS results comparable]

$m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$; $\mathcal{L} = 30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

production	decay	$S + B$	B	S	$\Delta S^{(\text{exp})}$	$\Delta S^{(\text{theo})}$
$gg \rightarrow H$	ZZ	13.4	$6.6 (\times 5)$	6.8	3.9	0.8
qqH	ZZ	1.0	$0.2 (\times 5)$	0.8	1.0	0.1
$gg \rightarrow H$	WW	1019.5	$882.8 (\times 1)$	136.7	63.4	18.2
$q\bar{q}H$	WW	59.4	$37.5 (\times 1)$	21.9	10.2	1.7
$t\bar{t}H$	$WW(3\ell)$	23.9	$21.2 (\times 1)$	2.7	6.8	0.4
$t\bar{t}H$	$WW(2\ell)$	24.0	$19.6 (\times 1)$	4.4	6.7	0.6
inclusive	$\gamma\gamma$	12205.0	$11820.0 (\times 10)$	385.0	164.9	44.5
qqH	$\gamma\gamma$	38.7	$26.7 (\times 10)$	12.0	6.5	0.9
$t\bar{t}H$	$\gamma\gamma$	2.1	$0.4 (\times 10)$	1.7	1.5	0.2
WH	$\gamma\gamma$	2.4	$0.4 (\times 10)$	2.0	1.6	0.1
ZH	$\gamma\gamma$	1.1	$0.7 (\times 10)$	0.4	1.1	0.1
qqH	$\tau\tau(2\ell)$	26.3	$10.2 (\times 2)$	16.1	5.8	1.2
qqH	$\tau\tau(1\ell)$	29.6	$11.6 (\times 2)$	18.0	6.6	1.3
$t\bar{t}H$	$b\bar{b}$	244.5	$219.0 (\times 1)$	25.5	31.2	3.6
WH/ZH	bb	228.6	$180.0 (\times 1)$	48.6	20.7	4.0

Last line obtained using subjet techniques ([Butterworth, Davison, Rubin, Salam]),
theoretical results confirmed by ATLAS ([ATL-PHYS-PUB-2009-088])
(stricter cuts, statistical significance basically unchanged)

In the future

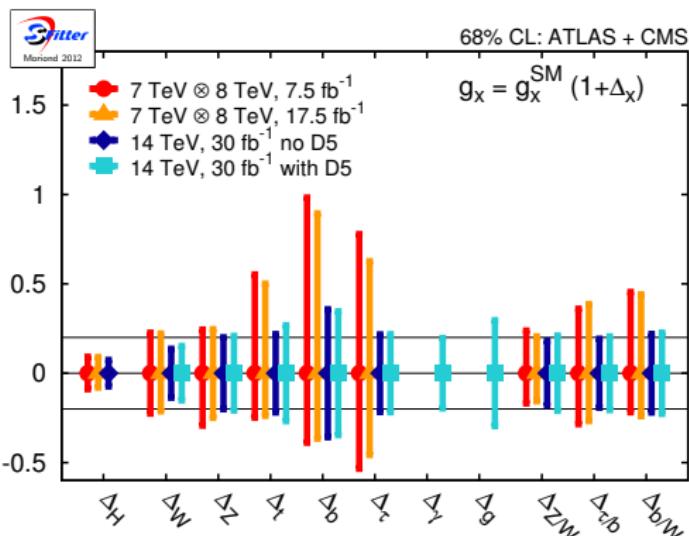
2012, 2014, ... (assuming $m_H = 125$ GeV)

- Scenarios:
- 2012_{low}: $(7.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 8 \text{ TeV}) \otimes (5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 7 \text{ TeV})$
 - 2012_{high}: $(17.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 8 \text{ TeV}) \otimes (5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 7 \text{ TeV})$
 - 2014: $(30 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 14 \text{ TeV})$

Standard Model hypothesis

Extrapolation 7 → 8 TeV done blindly

(only statistical improvements, based on 2011 measurements)



- VBF measurements giving important information
- $t\bar{t}H$ and $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ measurements
- g_g and g_γ accessible independently

⇒ exciting prospects

The Higgs Portal

Additional hidden sector as singlet under SM gauge groups

[Binoth, van der Bij; Hill, van der Bij; Schabinger, Wells; Patt, Wilczek; ...]

Only possible connection to SM:

$$\mathcal{L} \propto \Phi_s^\dagger \Phi_s \Phi_h^\dagger \Phi_h$$

$\Phi_{s/h}$: Higgs field of SM/hidden sector

Electro-weak symmetry breaking:

$$\phi_{s/h} \rightarrow (v_{s/h} + H_{s/h})/\sqrt{2}$$

H_s and H_h mix into mass eigenstates:

$$\begin{pmatrix} H_1 \\ H_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \chi & \sin \chi \\ -\sin \chi & \cos \chi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} H_s \\ H_h \end{pmatrix}$$

Modifications for H_1 : ($\cos \chi \hat{=} \Delta_H$)

$$\sigma = \cos^2 \chi \cdot \sigma^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{vis}} = \cos^2 \chi \cdot \Gamma_{\text{vis}}^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{inv}} = \cos^2 \chi \cdot \Gamma_{\text{inv}}^{\text{SM}} + \Gamma_{\text{hid}}$$

($\Gamma_{\text{inv}}^{\text{SM}}$: Decay $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\nu$ (negligible))

similarly for H_2 with $\cos \chi \leftrightarrow \sin \chi$ plus possibly $\Gamma_2^{HH} : H_2 \rightarrow H_1 H_1$

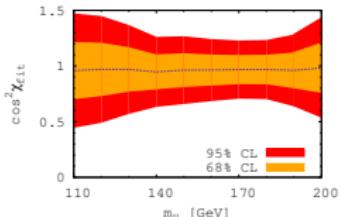
The Higgs Portal

Fit of $\cos^2 \chi_{\text{fit}}$ without constraints (14 TeV, 30 fb^{-1})

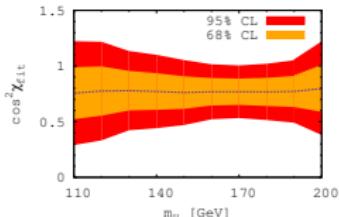
[Bock, Lafaye, Plehn, MR, D. Zerwas, P.M. Zerwas]

- No invisible decay modes

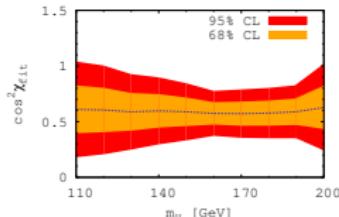
$$\cos^2 \chi_{\text{th}} = 1.0$$



$$\cos^2 \chi_{\text{th}} = 0.8$$



$$\cos^2 \chi_{\text{th}} = 0.6$$



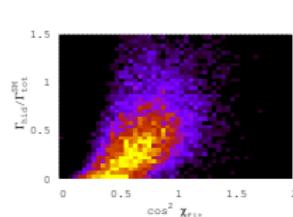
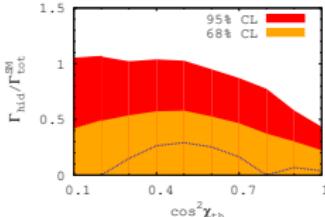
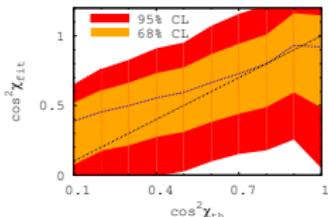
⇒ If $\cos^2 \chi_{\text{th}} < 0.6$ can exclude SM at the 95% CL with 30 fb^{-1}

- Measuring invisible decays in VBF-Higgs production

Signature: Two VBF-jets plus missing E_T

[Eboli, Zeppenfeld; MC-study: ATLAS]

$$\Gamma_{\text{hid}} = \sin^2 \chi \cdot \Gamma_{\text{tot}}^{\text{SM}} \quad (\text{rhs: } \cos^2 \chi_{\text{th}} = 0.6)$$



The Higgs Portal

[C. Englert, Plehn, Rauch, D. Zerwas, P.M. Zerwas]

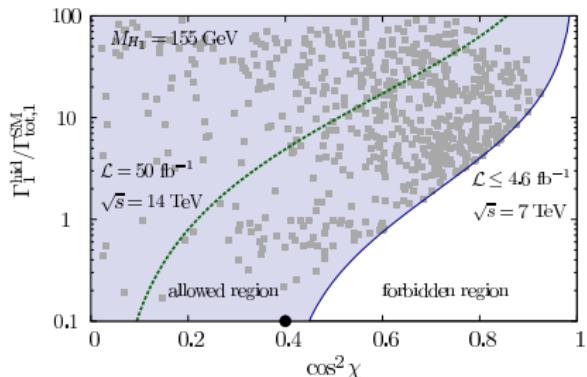
- bounds are determined by measurement of twin ratios

$$\left(\frac{\Gamma_p \Gamma_d}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}} \right) / \left(\frac{\Gamma_p \Gamma_d}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}} \right)^{\text{SM}} = (\sigma_p \times \text{BR}_d) / (\sigma_p \times \text{BR}_d)^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1 \rightarrow F)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1 \rightarrow F)^{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\cos^2 \chi}{1 + \tan^2 \chi (\Gamma_1^{\text{hid}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot},1}^{\text{SM}})} \leq \mathcal{R}$$

$$\frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1 \rightarrow \text{inv})}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1)^{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\sin^2 \chi (\Gamma_1^{\text{hid}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot},1}^{\text{SM}})}{1 + \tan^2 \chi (\Gamma_1^{\text{hid}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot},1}^{\text{SM}})} \leq \mathcal{J}$$

- additional constraint: electroweak precision data (dots: compatible points)



Example: $M_{H_1} = 155 \text{ GeV}$
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{R} \lesssim 0.4 @ 95\% \text{ CL}$

- bound weakened by invisible decays
- whole area left of it still possible
- significant improvement with higher statistics

The Higgs Portal

[C. Englert, Plehn, Rauch, D. Zerwas, P.M. Zerwas]

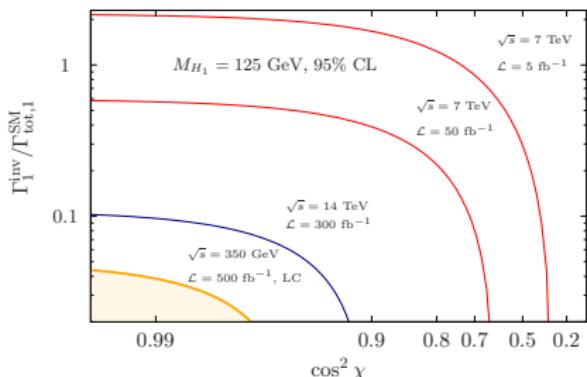
- bounds are determined by measurement of twin ratios

$$\left(\frac{\Gamma_p \Gamma_d}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}} \right) / \left(\frac{\Gamma_p \Gamma_d}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}} \right)^{\text{SM}} = (\sigma_p \times \text{BR}_d) / (\sigma_p \times \text{BR}_d)^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1 \rightarrow F)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1 \rightarrow F)^{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\cos^2 \chi}{1 + \tan^2 \chi (\Gamma_1^{\text{hid}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot},1}^{\text{SM}})} \leq \mathcal{R}$$

$$\frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1 \rightarrow \text{inv})}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H_1)^{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\sin^2 \chi (\Gamma_1^{\text{hid}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot},1}^{\text{SM}})}{1 + \tan^2 \chi (\Gamma_1^{\text{hid}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot},1}^{\text{SM}})} \leq \mathcal{J}$$

- additional constraint: electroweak precision data (dots: compatible points)



- Standard Model: limit $\mathcal{R} \rightarrow 1$
- quantify coincidence by possible deviations left
- (invisible decays hard at LHC:
→ Linear Collider)

Strongly-Interacting Light Higgs

[Giudice, Grojean, Pomarol, Rattazzi; Espinosa, Grojean, Mühlleitner]

Higgs pseudo-Goldstone boson of new strongly interacting sector
Modifications parametrized by $\xi = (v/f)^2$ (f : Goldstone scale)

■ MCHM4:

Scaling of all couplings with $\sqrt{1 - \xi}$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Identify } \cos^2 \chi = 1 - \xi$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{hid}} = 0$$

■ MCHM5:

Scaling:

$$g_{VWH} = g_{VWH}^{\text{SM}} \cdot \sqrt{1 - \xi}$$

$$g_{f\bar{f}H} = g_{f\bar{f}H}^{\text{SM}} \cdot \frac{1 - 2\xi}{\sqrt{1 - \xi}}$$

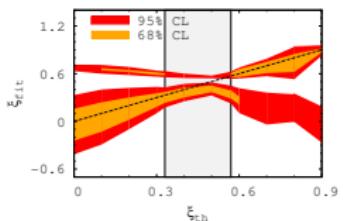
Significant and observable deviations also in Higgs self-couplings

[Gröber, Mühlleitner]

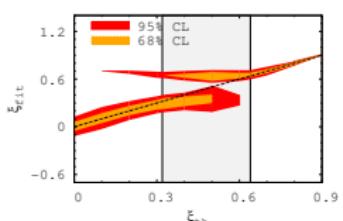
[Bock, Lafaye, Plehn, MR, D. Zerwas, P.M. Zerwas]

Secondary solutions appear (sign of $f\bar{f}H$ coupling)

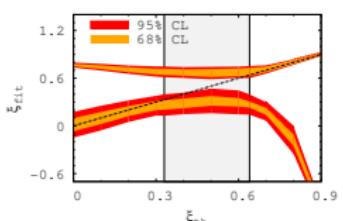
$$m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$$



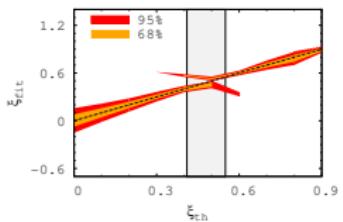
$$m_H = 160 \text{ GeV}$$



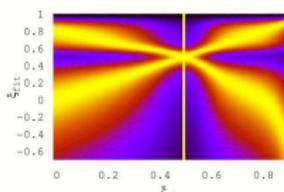
$$m_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$$



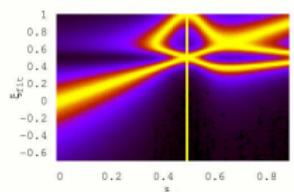
$$\mathcal{L} = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



$$\text{Gluon fusion } H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$



$$WH/ZH, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$$



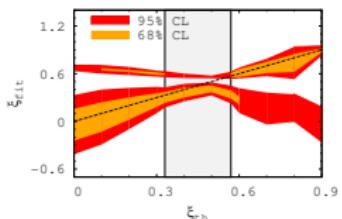
Not a true degeneracy

→ Each (smeared) toy experiment has unique solution

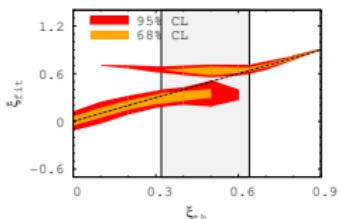
[Bock, Lafaye, Plehn, MR, D. Zerwas, P.M. Zerwas]

Secondary solutions appear (sign of $f\bar{f}H$ coupling)

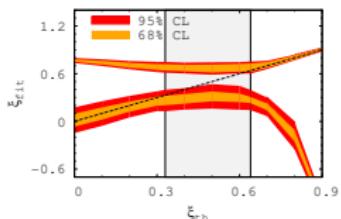
$$m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$$



$$m_H = 160 \text{ GeV}$$

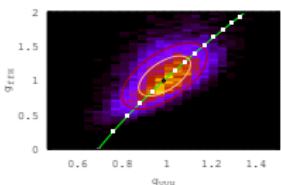


$$m_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$$

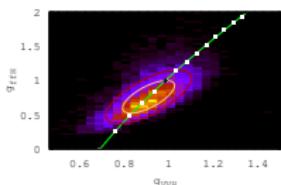


Independent fit of common vector and fermion couplings

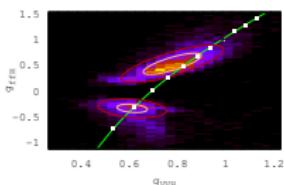
$$\xi_{th} = 0$$



$$\xi_{th} = 0.2$$



$$\xi_{th} = 0.6$$



Not a true degeneracy

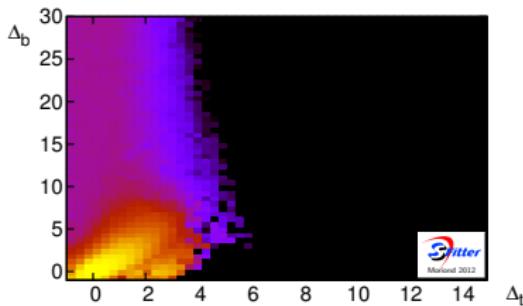
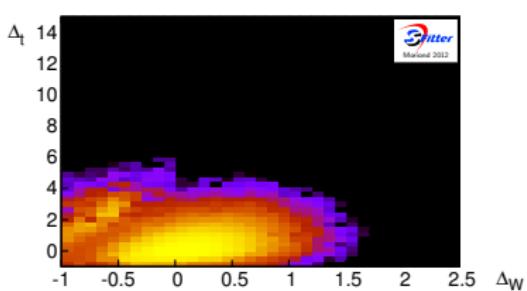
→ Each (smeared) toy experiment has unique solution

Top-associated Higgs Subjets

Add additional measurement for $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ using subjet techniques

[Plehn, Salam, Spannowsky]

extrapolated to 7 TeV
SM hypothesis



⇒ Secondary solution strongly suppressed
→ large g_t disfavoured by new measurement